City of Franklin

WISCONSIN



2019 Annual Budget

CITY OF FRANKLIN

2019 ANNUAL BUDGET

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Approved 2019 Annual Budget Supplemental Letter of Transmittal

The Common Council approved the 2019 Annual Budget for the City of Franklin at their meeting of November 13, 2018. The expenditure and revenue appropriations for each of the various funds are accurately represented and recorded throughout the various appropriation unit tables, summary tables, and department and fund informational account code tables. Similarly, the detail appropriations and project listings in the Capital Outlay fund and Capital Improvement fund reflect the final approvals.

It is important to note that some of the supporting text portions of the document, such as the transmittal letter or individual department write-ups, may not have been updated to incorporate or reflect each of the changes that the Common Council may have made to the Mayor's Recommended Budget. The Common Council made changes at both the Committee of the Whole level and during the final budget adoption hearing on November 13, 2018.

In order to enable the reader to easily identify where such discrepancy may exist, following are the amendments to the Mayor's Recommended 2019 Budget as approved by the Aldermen.

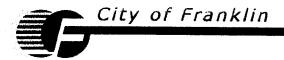
Moving the Neighborhood Park Land Acquisition into an Approved Project, and to adding appropriations for 2019 for the Rawson Homes Water Main Relay and Storm Sewer Project, as an Approved Project with \$1,500,000 in appropriations, in a manner that reflects no change in Fund Balance.

Adding \$5,000 (Tree Grant Revenue) to the Capital Outlay Budget Grant Revenue (Highway Department Budget) and modifying the appropriation from \$16,000 Contingency tree appropriation to \$11,000 Contingency tree appropriation and \$5,000 direct tree appropriation (removing \$5,000 from Contingency for trees).

Adding a \$39,000 expenditure to General Fund Contingency #5111 for the purpose of moving the start date of the 1.55% wage increase to 1/01/2019 for any non-represented employee who joins WRS effective 1/01/2019 and would suffer a commensurate reduction in take-home pay by joining.

Modified by the creation of a new Section 14 in the Ordinance for Adopting the 2019 Budget by creating an "Approved Project" as a 2019 Capital Improvement appropriation of \$1,775,000 toward the City Hall Roof, HVAC and Fascia Wood Replacement Project, and that the previously suggested additional \$600,000 intended to be moved from the General Fund Restricted Contingency for a larger remodel, remain in that fund for building security and public safety needs or as appropriate.

It is expected that future proposed budget documents will be adjusted throughout to eliminate the potential risk for confusion that may result from this practice.



Mayor's Recommended 2019 Budget Letter of Transmittal – Summary Information September 18, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Common Council:

Introduction: The Annual Budget Dilemma or "Why is every budget tough?"

Each of the last two years the Common Council's budget engagement has started in June, which is earlier than usual. Each presentation has warned of a looming budget shortfall potentially in excess of a million dollars.

Those challenges consistently occurred in prior years as well. Why can't a Wisconsin community simply make a longer-term, strategic fiscal plan that eliminates the annual confrontation between taxes and spending? Is it possible to be more proactive and avoid the threats of large deficits?

"Why is every budget tough?" - The Big Picture (Expenditures Grow)

2017 Budget Document: "[The budget] has pushed the limits of what can be accomplished within the constrained revenue policies the City has pursued. At some point, existing operations and existing revenues cannot be squeezed further. Normal, market growth in the expenses for current operations have been absorbed in the budget through a variety of means. Those tools are running out of steam."

2018 Budget Document: "This budget does not have a fiscally prudent or viable way to maintain existing services and freeze property taxes at the same level for a sixth year."

At the simplest level, every budget is tough because expenditures have a tendency to grow. Even small rates of increase when applied against a large base budget create a significant annual demand. In periods of low developmental growth, taxes on new development can't keep pace. This conclusion can be seen very readily in looking at the big picture of how the 2018 Adopted budget looks moving into 2019.

\$26,417,965

\$1.200.000

WHAT IS SUSTAINABLE?

General Fund Expenditures: 2018 Adopted

Less Restricted Contingency

| Less nestricted Ct | \$1,280,000 | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|------------------------|---------------|----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Effective General | \$25,137,965 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | "Minimu | ım," Short- | "More | Practical," | "Ongoi | ng" (Status |
| | | | | Term Su | ıstainable | Modestly | Sustainable | Quo) S | ustainable |
| F | | Growt | th Level | Grow | th Level | Growth Level | | | |
| Base Personnel Costs 81.0% \$20,372,170 | | | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | |
| | | ages & Other Benefits) | \$17,398,405 | 1.5% | \$260,976 | 2% | \$347,968 | 3% | \$521,952 |
| Less Health Insura | ance | | \$2,973,765 | 5% | \$148,688 | 8% | \$237,901 | 8% | \$237,901 |
| Supplies and Services (Non-Personnel) | | \$4,765,795 | 1%_ | \$47,658 | 1.75%_ | \$83,401 | 2% | \$95,316 | |
| Т | OTAL NECESSAR | Y ANNUAL GROWTH I | N RESOURCES | | \$457,322 | | \$669,271 | | \$855,169 |
| | AS | A PERCENTAGE OF TH | IE TOTAL LEVY | | 2.17% | | 3,18% | | 4.07% |

The model above simply breaks the General Fund operating expenditures into three categories, removing only the Restricted Contingency, which is not anticipated to actually be spent. The expenditures are broken out into personnel costs except health insurance, health insurance, and supplies and services (non-personnel costs). Total base personnel costs would then include both the personnel costs other than health insurance and health insurance.

| Personnel Costs Except Health Insurance | \$17,398,405 |
|---|--------------------|
| Health Insurance | \$2,973,765 |
| Supplies and Services (Non-Personnel) | <u>\$4,765,795</u> |
| Total Expenditures | \$25,137,965 |

Annual percentage increases are then applied against each of the three categories. Three different models are presented. The "Minimum" model represents a very short-term, minimally-sustainable growth level, which would likely run into funding and operational issues within as little as two or three years. The "More Practical" model represents modest sustainability and would never allow for operational growth, but it might avoid some of the problems created from less fiscal support. The "Ongoing" model represents an annual level of support that would likely provide for good sustainability over time.

The results of this simple exercise reveals why every budget is tough. Simply to attempt to maintain existing operations, the range of additional revenue required each and every year is as follows:

| | Additional | Percentage |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| | Revenue | of Total |
| | Required | Levy |
| Minimum | \$457,322 | 2.17% |
| More Practical | \$669,271 | 3.18% |
| On-going | \$855,169 | 4.07% |

That revenue demand compared to the 2018 total annual levy results in the percentage levy increases noted above. Of course levy isn't the only revenue source to fund ongoing operations, but the total municipal levy is equal to 83.6% of the total General Fund expenditures (excluding Restricted Contingency). As such, it is the dominant revenue in general City operations.

"Why is every budget tough?" – Lack of Control and Reactionary to the Marketplace:

Although the levels for the annual percentage increases in the model for each of the three expenditure areas referenced above are debatable, there is clearly some level of growth that should be expected for each of these three areas. Does there have to be? Can't the City simply choose not to increase expenditures within these three categories? The City is part of a broader economy within which it must operate. It purchases its supplies and services

WHY IS EVERY BUDGET TOUGH?

- 1. Expenditures tend to rise.
- 2. They rise because the City has a lack of control of and is reactionary to the marketplace, which includes:
 - ✓ marketplace pricing,
 - the nature of how items or services are sold.
 - new product opportunities that become essential, and
 - ✓ wage and benefit Costs
- 3. Levy Limits are unsustainable with current net new construction patterns.
- 4. Primarily core municipal services remain, so service cuts are not palatable.
- 5. Revenue options are limited by statutes and the marketplace.

from a marketplace it doesn't control. The City, for example, can react when the price of gasoline sky rockets. It can tell DPW and Police Officers not to idle their vehicles; it can rearrange Building

Inspectors' schedules to maximize the efficiency from trips; it can do many things to react to a rise in gasoline prices. It cannot, however, control the price of gasoline, and, realistically, it cannot significantly curtail its use of gasoline. The City has approximately 125 vehicles currently listed on its property insurance policy. The City is going to buy gasoline, a lot of gasoline, and it will have to pay whatever the vendors and marketplace charge.

Not only must the City accept and react to pricing, it must do the same with all aspects of the economy, such as the nature of how items or services are sold. For example, many software vendors worldwide changed or are changing strategies and no longer sell their software, but they sell a license to use their software and then they charge annual fees to keep using the software. This model better suits the industry to address the demands of increased security and the fast-paced developments in technology. This shift in marketplace strategies does not suit the City's finances. Instead of just a single capital expense every 5 to 10 years, maintenance fees push costs into the annual operating budget. One analogy that might help emphasize the nature of ongoing cost increases is thinking about the buildings the City owns and operates as if they were rented. Any renter can tell you that rents continue to rise; as an owner the City bears the same maintenance and facilities operating costs that would push up a rent. One would not expect a rent to stay fixed forever, nor can one expect the cost of supplies and services for the City's facilities to stay fixed forever. Similar impacts occur across all aspects of commodities and services purchased by the City, and the City has very little control over that aspect of the marketplace.

Obviously, the City can simply elect not to use a piece of software or hardware or safety equipment or efficiency device, but those decisions come with other productivity costs or increased risks. Not having the right tools can make us ineffective and inefficient and increase our risks and liabilities from not being current with the marketplace. The Police Department does not absolutely have to have automatic license plate readers, but the efficiency of that tool realistically makes it a must. The Fire Department doesn't have to have devices to pre-empt traffic signals, but the essence of their service is response time and safety. Traffic signal pre-emption devices dramatically and positively impact both. Many commodities and services have similar efficiency impacts that limit the City's practical ability to exclude them from operations.

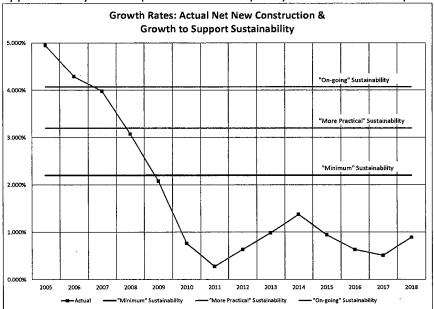
One might argue that the City's expenses are over 80 percent labor or personnel related, so the market-place is only driving around 20 percent of our costs. That is a very limited perspective because the City's employees operate within a broader labor market as well. Additionally, the bulk of the Police and Fire Departments, the City's largest departments, have employees operating under labor agreements. Those employees ultimately can use arbitration and the Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission to ensure the City's wages keep pace with the marketplace. At least for non-represented employees, one could argue that the City could decide to control its costs by providing for no wage increases in a given year. Such unilateral authority does exist, but it is, realistically, a short-term unilateral authority. If the City's benefits and wages fail to keep pace with the marketplace, the City is at risk of productivity losses from increased vacancies, training lags (an experienced employee is generally more highly trained and productive as compared to a new employee), and a reduction in the overall average competency of its employees as better employees move on to better-paying employers. Recognizing that the City wanted to attract and retain the best employees was one of the reasons that the City adopted a policy to establish its market rate at the sixty-fifth percentile. In the long-term, therefore, wages and benefits are driven by market considerations.

The point about a significant lack of control over the cost of all of the inputs to our service delivery output may be very obvious, but in my experience it is often overlooked. Sustainability almost insists by

definition that City operations maintain pace with the marketplace. Departments are routinely expected to do more with less, and they will always continue to find ways to stretch a dollar. There are, however, limits; so the routine fact that the City has very limited control over the cost of inputs significantly impacts the long-term ability to control overall service costs.

"Why is every budget tough?" - Levy Limits

State imposed levy limits are clearly a driving factor as to why each budget is challenging. The State of Wisconsin imposed the current round of levy limits in 2005 and has added further revenue control to that statute since then. From 2005 through 2007, Franklin's net new construction remained between approximately 4 and 5 percent. This left plenty of room for local options. Additionally, from 2005



through 2010, a minimum allowable increase was part of the statute that helped prevent communities from feeling such a pinch from levy limits. For example, for 2009 and 2010 the allowable levy was 3%, no matter what the net new construction was. This minimum allowance was eliminated in 2011.

Levy limits have not appeared to be a significant limiting factor for Franklin because in a number of recent years Franklin has not even used the allowable net new

construction. Aldermen adopted a budget with no new levy for municipal purposes between 2014 and 2017. That had only been possible due to incorporating a number of other revenue and funding strategies. During the 2018 budget process, however, there was a significant discussion detailing how many of those strategies were used up or no longer available. As such, for 2018, in order to maintain existing levels of services, the City had to increase total property taxes for municipal purposes and to do so had to use up some of the remaining allowable existing debt levy. The difficulty with levy limits that many communities are already facing will likely become more apparent in Franklin in coming years. Ehlers and Associates summarized this impact statewide in a PowerPoint presentation entitled "Municipal Finance Issue: The Budget Process and Levy Limits; TIF law update" (6/15/17) when they noted "Levy limits this strict are unsustainable and are negatively impacting the ability of municipalities to provide the services their citizens and businesses need."

Although the economy as a whole has improved since the economic crisis, Franklin's annual net new construction has not been over 2 percent since 2009 and has only exceeded 1.0 percent once since then. The levy limit is very much a significant factor in any long-term financial plan consideration.

"Why is every budget tough? — Core Municipal Services

There is very little that the City does that it doesn't have to do. Our current expenditures are reflective of the services businesses and residents expect of the City or of State mandates. Years of restrictive budgets have eliminated the fat that ever may have existed. Without continuing to fund current service levels, the remaining choice is to cut back on the level of services provided. We have to plow snow, but we don't have to do it as much. We have to provide police services, but only to the level that the City determines it can afford. Mowing can be stretched out. Street lights can be shut off. For most of the services the City provides, the City gets to decide the level of the service it will provide. But, reducing or eliminating services is very difficult to do.

Lots could be written about this topic, ranging from strategies like zero-based-budgeting to intercommunity departmental mergers. If, however, you consider that the City of Franklin currently provides, to a significant degree, the core services the community expects at a service level the community expects, then a primary goal of a sustainable budget would be to annually achieve a maintenance-of-service budget. And, a maintenance-of-service budget, almost by definition, is one wherein it would be difficult to find expenditure cuts.

"Why is every budget tough?" - Limited Revenue Sources

Having a relatively standard set of core municipal services typically results in a relatively standard set of revenues. Every community searches for more revenue options, and when one is identified, the options quickly become disseminated through the professional ranks. Realistically, however, to address rising costs applied against the full base of expenditures, it is difficult to consistently identify revenue enhancements. Additionally, some of the known revenue alternatives are simply not very palatable, such as a wheel tax or local option sales tax or road resurfacing fees.

As noted above, for 2018 the total municipal levy is equal to 83.6% of the total General Fund expenditures (excluding Restricted Contingency), and is equal to slightly over two-thirds of the revenue of the General Fund itself (since some levy is applied to other funds). As such, it is the dominant revenue in City operations. It is also strictly controlled and limited by the State. The State goes so far as to identify a number of other revenue increases that are automatically reduced from allowable levy if they are imposed. For example, if one were to establish a new snow removal fee in place of a service that is currently levy supported, the amount of fee generated would need to be reduced from the total allowable levy.

The State also controls the City's intergovernmental revenues. For 2018, the budgeted intergovernmental revenues are approximately equal to 10 percent of the General Fund's total revenues. That leaves less than one-quarter of the revenues over which the City can attempt to exert some influence. Even the larger of the remaining revenues, however, can't overwhelmingly resolve budgetary needs. In this 2019 budget, ambulance fees are set at \$1,340,000. That is a significant revenue source, and the increase for 2019 is one of the more notable increases. Nonetheless, the increase is only about 70 percent of the increase in costs for the department. In short, even the larger revenues don't cover their operational costs. Building Inspection Fees provide a similar example. When growth is high, they can generate revenues to help support operational costs. In periods of intense growth, a net revenue can occur. The State, however, regulates the revenue by statute, so care must be taken not to use such fees as a profit center.

It is important to note that despite the argument about revenue sources being limited, looking for new revenues and enhancing existing revenues will always be a key component in attempting to balance the budget without pushing the property tax levy. Nonetheless, one should be cognizant of the limitations on alternative revenue sources and the constraints on local control of such revenues.

"Why is every budget tough?" - Conclusion

- > The size of our operating budget at over \$25,000,000 drives routine budgetary cost increases between \$450,000 and \$850,000 each and every year. Short-term efforts for costs below that level are simply not sustainable unless service cuts are contemplated.
- > Department heads have a significant lack of control over the marketplace in which they function and are, by default, largely reactionary to the marketplace.
- > Levy Limits- Net new construction has been below the absolute minimum level of short-term sustainability since at least 2009.
- > To a significant extent, only core municipal services remain, so service cuts are not palatable.
- > Revenue options are limited by statutes and the marketplace.

Comment on Validity of the Sustainability Model:

The level of the annual percentage increases referenced in the model above are debatable, but, as discussed above at length, there is clearly some level of growth that can be expected for each of these three areas.

Personnel Costs: For personnel costs, 1.5 percent would be a minimum and a short-term strategy before the impacts of increased turnover would become evident. Further, this level does not provide for progress-to-market rate increases, meaning nobody would advance within their pay ranges. In anything but the shortest term, it also assumes that success can be had with the Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission (WERC) in imposing below market wage increase levels on Police and Fire Department staff. Alternatively to allowing costs to increase overall, the City could eliminate approximately 3 full-time positions each and every year, but that is not sustainable either. Unfortunately, a more realistic minimum level of expected personnel cost increase would be 2%, which requires revenue increases of nearly \$350,000 to sustain. In the long-term, however, a sustainable percentage increase of 3 percent is likely needed to maintain current employees, to provide progress-to-market increases, and to anticipate the effect of labor agreements. This would require annual expenditure increases of over \$522,000.

Health Insurance: Those personnel costs did not include health insurance, which is one of the largest cost areas in the City with a 2018 General Fund cost of about \$2,973,000. The increased cost of health care is a national issue. Expecting to consistently hold health insurance cost increases to 5 percent growth is very optimistic. A 7 or 8 percent figure is more sustainable. Our broker indicates that the marketplace trend for 2019 is 11 percent. The City has used numerous strategies to control these costs. For example, significant plan design changes were incorporated in 2018 and even more significant changes are proposed herein for 2019. The proposed changes will move the City to the edge providing comparable benefits and position it as a leader in anticipating future trends in the benefit levels. What the City views as beneficial cost controls, however, employees consider detrimental actions. As such, there is employment marketplace pressure not to place too much emphasis on saving from health insurances. The bottom line, therefore, is that over time one must expect health insurance costs to rise

if the City is to be competitive with health insurance. Annual cost increases between approximately \$150,000 and \$240,000 should be expected.

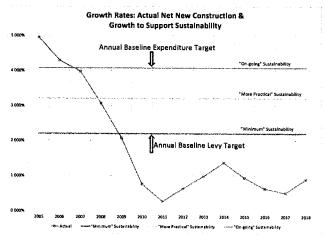
Supplies and Services: The costs of supplies and services is probably the easiest cost factor to model. It is probably best represented by the Bureau of Labor Statistics inflation statistics. Following is a table of the 12-month percent change of the current series of the CPI for all urban consumers.

Bureau of Labor Statistics: 12-Month Percent Change of the CPI

| Year | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | HALF1 | HALF2 |
|------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| | | | 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.6 1. | | | | | | | | 1.3 | 2.0 | | |
| 2012 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| 2013 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 2014 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 1.7 | | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| 2015 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| 2016 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 2017 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| 2018 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | | | | | 2.1 | i |

This data suggests above clearly indicates that general operating costs are rising. They are doing so in a manner such that the "On-going" model above, using 2% annual increases, is likely the most accurate relative to the last 7 to 8 years.

Mayor's Recommended 2019 Budget – The Central Approach: The central approach to this budget is to attempt to address the 2019 General Fund revenues and expenditures within an initial framework of a longer-term perspective on the annual budget dilemma. From the perspective of the models above, the goal was to achieve an "On-going" level of sustainability while relying on the municipal property tax levy to only support the short-term, "Minimum" level of sustainability. Expenditure cuts and other revenue



sources would then be used to fill the gap, as well as cover any enhancements considered.

The 2019 Mayor's Recommended Budget succeeds in using non-tax revenues and expenditure constraints combined with the minimum sustainable increase in municipal property taxes (reduced further by the State's adjustment for personal property taxes), to achieve a balanced budget that sustains current service levels, while making some positive adjustments overall.

Applying that approach, following is a high-level summary of the change in General Fund expenditures and revenues that enabled a balanced budget, while avoiding reductions in service delivery.

General Fund Expenditures: In June, 2018, staff presented an initial budget projection for 2019 that anticipated a need of \$1,110,200. The 2019 Mayor's Recommended Budget ultimately shows an

increase in total General Fund expenditures of \$809,377. When adjusting for planned deficit expenditures in 2018 that did not carry forward into the 2019 Mayor's Recommended Budget, the effective General Fund expenditure increase for 2019 would be \$954,177.

| | 2018 Adopted | 2019 Recommended | Difference |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Total General Fund Expenditures | 26,419,065 | 26,198,442 | |
| Less Restricted Contingency | <u>-1,280,000</u> | <u>-250,000</u> * | |
| | 25,139,065 | 25,948,442 | \$809,377 |
| Less Planned Deficit Spending | 144,800 | 0 | |
| | 24,994,265 | 25,948,442 | \$954,177 |

^{*} Transfer for Restricted Contingency in the Capital Outlay Fund

The 2019 Mayor's Recommended Budget for General Fund operations, therefore, compares favorably with the "On-going" budget sustainability model presented above with the difference largely attributable to some limited programmatic enhancements.

Revenue: Each of these added expenditures requires a revenue source. A straightforward, summarized format shows generally how the budget balanced.

2019 Total Municipal Property Taxes:Additional Levy: \$361,526 or +1.72%

| 2019 Mayor's Recommended Budget | |
|--|-----------------------|
| New revenues | |
| New Municipal Property Tax Levy \$361,526 | (1.72%) |
| New Levy Used in Other Funds (\$11,800) | |
| Personal Property Tax Aid \$95,677 | |
| Total New Property Tax Related Support \$445,403 | ──── \$445,403 |
| Landfill Siting Fees (including transferred Levy funds | \$226,000 |
| Investment earnings | \$60,000 |
| Planning Fees | \$32,800 |
| Court Fees | \$46,000 |
| Self Insurance Fund HSA Contribution Funding | \$59,250 |
| Ambulance/EMT Fees | \$173,700 |
| Other/Misc | <u>(\$88,976)</u> |
| | \$954,177 |

The result is that added Property Tax Levy was incorporated equivalent to a total municipal levy increase of \$361,526 or a 1.719 percent increase. Adding to that the State's new Personal Property Tax Aid, the total new property tax related support at \$445,403 is roughly equivalent to the "Minimum" sustainability model discussed in detail above. The increase in Landfill Siting Fees represents \$51,000 that had been scheduled and intended for use in the Capital Outlay Fund for a two-year period, which period expired in 2018 (used for IT capital outlay), and a \$175,000 transfer of levy from the Equipment Replacement Fund which is replaced by new landfill siting revenues anticipated from their new operating permit. Ambulance and Court Fee revenues anticipate an ordinance to adopt increases to the fee rates. Investment Earnings and Planning Fees represent increases flowing from greater economic activity. The Self Insurance Fund transfer represents application of a portion of the 2017 Stop-Loss rebate (deposited into the Self Insurance Fund) to fund the Employer contribution to a Health Savings Account for those participating in the new High Deductible Health Plan.

Primary Impacts on Operations

<u>Personnel</u>: Overall resources provided little room for additional personnel; nonetheless, some personnel adjustments were incorporated.

- The Recruit/Patrol Officer as recently addressed by the Common Council was anticipated.
- A part-time Assistant Fire Inspector was incorporated based on available fee revenue and based on the need to ensure compliance with statutorily required inspections.
- ➤ A Permit Technician position in Building Inspection was proposed to be created to provide for added efficiency and to address pending succession planning due to at least one pending retirement within the department. The significant amount of proposed development in TIF districts and the amount of residential unit-space created drive a need to ensure the department can meet service demands. Failing to anticipate and counteract the impending vacancy would significantly hamper the department ensuring that they can keep pace with and provide the service level expected by developers. A future-year realignment would be expected after the potential and pending retirements occur and if the development peak subsides.
- ➤ A significant effort was undertaken to add a Battalion Chief to the Fire Department; however, additional department-generated fee revenues were absorbed in maintaining the existing department.
- An Administrative Assistant was supported with costs to be shared within the Utilities budgets.

Personnel Services Costs:

- Overtime: Overtime for wages in the Police and Fire Departments were both increased by \$25,000 to be more reflective of historic trends. An additional cost of 17.5% is added to cover the wage-related benefit costs, such as FICA and WRS.
- ➤ Wisconsin Retirement System: Sufficient appropriations were added to cover added Employer-share pension costs of 1.55% on wages for non-represented employees currently not participating in WRS. A detailed plan would need to be developed in October and a resolution adopted in November to facilitate the move effective January 1, 2019. WRS rules only allow participation to occur at the beginning of a calendar year. The primary reason for the move to WRS participation is to enhance the City's ability to attract and retain employees. Separate action for the Council will be brought forward that addresses all the details of employee choice, impacts on current plans, etc.
- ➤ Wages Adjustments: For non-represented employees a 1.55% increase effective mid-year was incorporated to partially offset the lost take-home wages the employees will experience based upon the increased employee share for participation in WRS. It is appropriate to note that the affected employees would experience the reduction in their net take-home pay effective January 1st, but would not see the counter-acting wage increase until mid-year. For supervisory employees currently in WRS, a 2% increase effective mid-year was incorporated.
- ▶ Health Insurance: Significant changes in Health Insurance are proposed for 2019. These are being presented to the Common Council for consideration the same evening as presentation of the Mayor's Recommended Budget. The changes involve establishing a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account (HSA) as the primary health plan. To aid in the transition to a HDHP for those employees staying in the plan, an employer contribution of \$750 (single plan) and \$1,500 (family plan) is incorporated. The contribution is funded from a rebate from the 2017 stop loss policy. In addition to the HDHP, a traditional PPO-type plan will be available for those employees electing to stay in a plan of that nature. The PPO, however, has a reduced level of benefits from the current PPO and a markedly higher employee premium share.

<u>Revenue:</u> A number of the following items were reference above, but following is a brief explanation of the nature, purpose, or cause for some of the changes.

- Personal Property Tax Aid (New) \$95,677. This revenue is a new State Aid provided with the intent of offsetting lost property tax revenue as a result of a statutory change that removed the property taxability of certain personal property. The amount of the aid is reduced from the allowable levy under the levy limit law.
- ➤ Landfill Siting Fees: The landfill has received its permit to operate the landfill expansion and will begin paying higher per-unit amounts under the new contract. Although the contract provides a high-level of confidence that the revenue stream will occur, it is budgeted with a degree of conservatism to ensure the stream fully materializes. The increase is applied throughout the budget in the following manner:
 - Capital Outlay Fund to General Fund In addition to the \$189,000 budgeted in 2018, \$51,000 is added to the General Fund from the current revenue stream from funding that had been set up in the Capital Outlay fund for a two-year period to support IT expenses.
 - Capital Outlay Fund \$250,000 is added to the \$67,000 2018 base to fund projects and to establish an additional \$100,000 contingency appropriation. There were many requests that could not be funded. A number of them are items that could fail soon or could last for more than a year. As such, additional contingency was planned to provide time to more carefully evaluate the requests and to ensure that the Landfill Siting revenue stream fully achieves the budget plan. The two funded items were \$75,000 each for City Hall security (cameras and door locks) and for the Police Department phone system. These items as well will require further authorization by the Common Council prior to spending to ensure the resources are realized.
 - Equipment Replacement Fund \$176,700 was added with an offsetting transfer of property tax levy to the General Fund. This helps the increased Landfill Siting revenue to support overall City operations, but transfers the risk for the new increased level of activity to the Equipment Replacement Fund instead of General Fund operations.
 - Capital Improvement Fund: An additional \$284,000 of Landfill Siting fees were added. The revenues are expected, but this would be the last fund supported by the fees. If the revenues were not received, the Common Council could subsequently determine to alter the project list or alter the borrowing scheduled for the end of 2019.
- ➤ Court Fees The \$46,000 increase anticipates a rate increase. The Municipal Judge indicates that a rate increase has not occurred for many years and that he would support an evaluation of the fee structure. The intent would be to anticipate about a 10% average increase in rates with an implementation lag based on when fines and fees are paid. The expectation is that the evaluation would occur in 2018 for a 2019 implementation.
- ➤ Ambulance/EMT Fees A combined increase of \$173,700 is premised on a rate increase for ambulance billing. The revenue helps cover the \$245,553 appropriation increase in the Fire Department for 2019.

<u>Miscellaneous</u>: A Restricted Contingency appropriation is annually established in the General Fund. It creates an emergency expenditure authority in the budget every year. Its level is limited to an allowable expense appropriation up to the level of the Expenditure Restraint Program. The initial number inserted into the General Fund for this purpose is \$1,900,000. Additionally, for 2019, \$250,000 is set up in the Capital Outlay Fund. This action may help avoid the need for a statutory budget modification. The budget ordinance typically establishes a requirement for four votes to expense the Restricted

Contingency Appropriation. Please recall that the size of the Restricted Contingency Appropriation is typically adjusted prior to final adoption of the budget in order to react to the final budget inputs issued by the State.

<u>Referendum:</u> The Common Council recently approved submitting a question related to funding to the electorate for their consideration during the November election. The Mayors Recommended 2019 Budget document makes no accommodation for the appropriations should the referendum be approved. Since the election is in advance of the budget hearing, any change to the budget required by the outcome of the referendum will be addressed at the budget hearing and within the budget ordinance offered for adoption.

ASSESSED VALUATION, EQUALIZED VALUATION, AND PROPERTY TAX RATES: Property valuations are not yet finalized, so it is not possible to determine tax rates definitively. As always, the property tax rates stated herein and at the time of budget adoption are estimates and are subject to change following finalization of property values and levy determinations by each of the taxing jurisdictions. Additionally, the State may impose adjustments and corrections that are then incorporated into final rates. Each of these steps is followed to ensure that property tax distribution is fair within and between overlapping jurisdiction and, in the end, in compliance with the equal taxation requirements of our State's constitution. Nonetheless, the following table provides the best available information relative to property valuations and estimated property tax rates.

| | Property Tax Rate Estimate | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | % Change |
|---|--|---------------|---------------|----------|
| Α | Budgeted Property Taxes to be Collected | \$21,027,849 | \$21,389,475 | 1.72% |
| В | Equalized Value TID Out | 3,778,072,200 | 3,924,067,400 | 3.86% |
| С | Equalized Levy Rate: A/(B/1000) | 5.5658 | 5.4508 | |
| ۵ | Equalized Value TID In | 3,888,926,200 | 4,022,941,400 | 6.57% |
| E | Equalized Property Taxes to be Collected: Cx(D/1000) | \$21,644,836 | \$21,928,422 | |
| F | Assessed Value TID In | 3,854,766,200 | 4,035,237,210 | 4.68% |
| G | Estimated Property Tax Bill Rate: E/(F/100) | \$5.6151 | \$5.4342 | -3.22% |

Although the City's net new construction was determined by the State to have increased by .89 percent, the revaluation and market conditions resulted in an assessed valuation TID In change of 4.68 percent. The State, however, determined a lower equalized property valuation within the TID districts overall. The end product is that a 1.72% increase in the budgeted total property tax levy for municipal purposes is estimated to result in a slight reduction in the applied property tax rate of 3.22 percent.

SUMMARY DISCUSSION BY FUND

General Fund: The General Fund is one section of the City's overall budget. It is the largest segment of the City's total budget and includes the operating expenditures of City departments. Most of the discussions above are items that reflect activity in the General Fund. The recommended expenditure budget for 2019 is \$28,098,442 and reflects an increase of 6.4% from the 2018 budget. This increase includes the significant increase in the Restricted Contingency. The recommended expenditures are the requests of the departments as adjusted by the Mayor.

The actual General Fund tax levy revenue for 2018 is budgeted at \$16,909,499. The recommended General Fund tax levy for 2019 is \$18,130,675. This increase of 7.2% can be considered to come from

the total allowable growth from net new construction (.89%) as adjusted by the State for Personal Property Tax Aid. Additionally, it includes the consolidation of some levy into the General Fund which was previous allocated to other funds. The remainder of the levy increase will come from using statutory look-back provisions to apply prior year allowable revenue not included at that time and/or from what will appear as the transfer of existing levy out of the Debt Service Fund which is then replaced in the Debt Service Fund by new levy. As noted above, the exact distribution of mechanisms will be determined as a result of the conclusions adopted within the budget process.

The budgeting philosophy remains that departments are to budget at an estimate of an average year's exposure with the understanding that the departments will be able to request additional appropriations from contingency or fund balance in a year in which there are unique circumstances or above average departmental needs for items such as overtime costs, salt purchases, fuel, or claims against the City, etcetera.

<u>Library Fund:</u> The Library Board acknowledged prior concerns that were raised relative to operating with a structural. In fact, a small surplus is projected for 2018 and a small surplus is budgeted for 2019. For 2019, the Library was provided \$9,500 in additional levy to help ensure sufficient funding for a planned transition to WRS.

<u>Solid Waste Collection Fund:</u> The Solid Waste Collection Fund receives revenue from user fees, landfill tippage fees, and recycling grants. Its expenditures include contract services for hauling solid waste and weekend staffing from Public Works.

For 2019, the Solid Waste Collection Fund does not anticipate a user fee rate increase, which will remain at \$106.95 per year. The number of participating households rises with new development. Total expenses are increasing 4.6%. Projected total revenues of \$1,660,700 are anticipated to be sufficient to continue to slowly grow the fund balance to an appropriate level, because total expenditures are only at \$1,649,501.

<u>Sanitary Sewer Fund:</u> The Sanitary Sewer Fund receives its revenue primarily from user fees. Its expenditures are to MMSD, salaries, benefits, capital assets, and other costs of maintaining and improving the local sanitary sewer system. The Retained Earnings in this fund had increased over the past several years, but most of those reserves were invested in the Waste Water Building recently completed. Sewer rates are proportionally increased to cover any MMSD increase and meet local operating costs of the fund. Since these costs are primarily a pass-through charge to Franklin customers, user fee rates are expected to increase the same 2.0%. Rate adjustments will not be final until sometime in the first quarter of 2019 when the City receives formal notice of the rate increase.

<u>Water Utility:</u> Information is not available on the budget for the Water Utility at this time. The approving body for the Water Utility is the Franklin Board of Water Commissioners. Information will be included in the 2019 City of Franklin Annual Budget Book.

<u>Capital Outlay Fund:</u> Capital assets are purchases of assets that are reasonably expected to last more than one year and benefit multiple years. Included in this category are all new capital assets and replacement capital assets that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the equipment replacement program and are not larger projects that are part of the Capital Improvement Fund.

For 2019, departments requested \$1,091,875 in expenditures of which \$677,945 were funded and appropriated. Additionally, \$400,000 in contingency appropriations was established. \$50,000 of the contingency is unscheduled and unrestricted. \$100,000 is planned for expenditure but the items will be subject to a future determination and to receipt or anticipated receipt of sufficient landfill siting revenues to the fund. The remaining \$250,000 is restricted contingency for emergency purposes and would be funded by a transfer of General Fund fund balance if the Common Council authorizes an expenditure from this appropriation. As noted above, the PD phone system and City Hall Security projects are subject to a future approval to proceed and to receipt or anticipated receipt of sufficient landfill siting revenues. The other large 2019 recommended expenditures are \$249,000 for six police vehicles, \$70,000 for VMWare Server and SAN Disk expansion, and \$93,640 in Fire Department equipment. A complete listing of approved items is included later in this document.

It is worth noting that in the future, the 2019 increase in landfill siting revenues is not expected to remain available to this fund. However, until the full budgeted level of the revenue stream is realized, using the resource to support one-time capital purchases was more appropriate than ongoing operating expenses.

Equipment Replacement Fund: The Equipment Replacement Fund provides for the replacement of various types of motorized equipment. New equipment is purchased by other funds. Replacement equipment purchased is placed on a depreciation schedule in the year acquired. Replacement is scheduled based upon the estimated useful life of the equipment, but actual replacement occurs based upon the condition of the vehicle. Funding from the tax levy and other sources should approximate the annual depreciation of the replacement value attributed to the City's total fleet based on estimated useful life.

Overall, this fund continues to be underfunded and will need support in the coming years when expensive fire equipment replacements are needed. It has not been possible, however, to further increase funding given the recent history of property tax freezes. 2019 revenues of \$610,700 represent 51.3% of the resources required to be fully funded. Recommended expenditures are \$1,156,670. A 3-Yard Wheel Loader, self-contained breathing apparatus replacement, and Fire Engine #2 comprise the scheduled purchases.

<u>Street Improvement Fund:</u> The Street Improvement Program is a separate capital projects fund to give visibility to street improvement activities. In general, subdivisions that developed during the 1990's residential growth period are aging. Those streets will need to be resurfaced in the coming years. The Engineering Department has provided a "2019 Local Street Improvement Program" prioritized listing which is included in the proposed budget document. Sufficient funding is included to cover the first 13 of the 17 projects listed.

Revenue has been changed for 2019 as approximately \$700,000 in Tax Levy was moved back to the General Fund and \$700,000 of Transportation Aids was moved into the Fund. Landfill siting revenue of \$133,000 continues to be incorporated for 2019. Additionally, 2019 is not a year of the biennial State Local Road Improvement grant, so the additional \$75,000 in aid was backed out of the resources. In the long term, the available revenues are insufficient to annually fund all of the projects anticipated. As such, existing road surfaces must exceed the anticipated replacement life, repair and replacement cost-per-mile needs to decrease, or long-term future appropriations will need to increase.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund:</u> The Capital Improvement Fund is a separate capital projects fund intended for larger development projects. A Capital Improvement Plan is used to project public improvement needs for the coming years. The Capital Improvement Fund uses this five-year forecast for planning purposes. Items contained in the Capital Improvement Fund are financed with landfill siting fees, resources from other funds, and from the issuance of debt.

For 2019, planned project expenditures total \$5,048,109. Resources will come from \$2.1 million in debt proceeds, \$560,000 of landfill siting fees, and transfers from other funds (\$384,511 from the Development Fund and \$1.0 million from the Utility Development).

The expenditure plan for "Approved Projects" includes \$500,000 for the remaining portion of the Pleasant View Park Pavilion Project, \$20,000 for Pleasant View Park park equipment, and \$40,000 for any additional work on a Historical Barn that is expected to be donated to the City by the Franklin Historical Society. Additional approved projects are identified as \$1,000,000 for reconstruction of the Drexel Avenue & S. 51st Street intersection, \$300,000 for S 68th St. Reconstruction, and \$100,000 for 50th St. (Marquette to Minnesota). Appropriated Projects Pending Approval include \$1,400,000 for an indoor shooting range following a review of options and alternatives, \$265,000 for a Station Specific Alerting System, park land acquisition of \$298,109, potential sewer and water projects of \$500,000 each, and \$25,000 for Ken Windl Pavilion repairs.

It is important that park projects be completed based upon requirements for the use of impact fees. To help with land acquisition, therefore, a proposal to contract for professional real estate assistance may be brought forward. The intent is to ensure that progress is made in completing park development projects before the expiration of the park impact fee retention extension that the Common Council adopted earlier in 2016.

Historically, a five-year forecast in the Debt Service Fund anticipates \$2 million in additional debt service resources every other year thereafter.

For internal control purposes, projects identified as "Approved" indicate Common Council authorization for staff to proceed with action steps on the project, although spending on said projects requires further Common Council authorization in advance. For similar internal control purposes, projects identified as "Projects Pending Approval" are part of the valid, total appropriation (once the budget is approved, of course) but further direction is required from Common Council to authorize the direction and scope of the project. Other than staff effort preparing such projects for the Common Council's approval to proceed, resources are not to be spent on the project until the Common Council designates the project as "Approved," unless such spending is otherwise directed by the Common Council.

<u>Development Fund:</u> The Development Fund provides resources from new development for infrastructure needed to support that development. The primary revenues are impact fees. Impact fees are being used to support Debt Service on the Police, Fire, Library and Drexel Avenue infrastructure projects; although reduced development in recent years has diminished the available resource. Park Impact fees had accumulated for some time, and an extension for the retention period was approved by the Common Council in early 2016.

For 2019, \$1,092,500 in impact fees are expected to be collected, along with limited amounts of interest earnings. Debt Service support of \$454,450 is appropriated; however, not all of these funds are likely to be available for Debt Service if not collected here as revenue. Additionally, \$384,511 in Park Impact fees

would be needed to support the park projects in the Capital Improvement Fund if all projects were actually to occur in 2018. Lastly, \$1 million in water and sewer oversizing appropriations are included.

Debt Service Fund: The property tax levy supporting the fund remains at \$1.3 million. The property tax levy supporting this fund had fallen for a number of years, which has supported operations in other funds of the City. The 2019 level, however, again constitutes the lowest property tax levy level allowable without levying a separate increase in the property tax levy specifically to support debt. The City had not taken this step in recent history, but did so in 2018. Importantly, the 2019 recommended budget anticipates a property tax increase that exceeds the maximum allowable due to net new construction. As such, it is expected that the 2019 budget will require some portion of the added levy to be authorized as a separate property tax levy specifically to support debt. This amount would effectively serve as a proxy for allowable growth on net new construction that had been passed over in prior years.

<u>Special Revenue Funds: Civic Celebrations, St. Martins Fair, Grants, and Donations Funds:</u> In general, the appropriation levels have been increased to incorporate currently unanticipated activity for the purpose of avoiding the need for budget modifications. Expenditures can then be controlled through purchasing process guidelines. The following notes provide the few highlights from these funds:

The Civic Celebrations fund was established with a budget that is intended to provide more than sufficient revenues for a two-day event.

Grant Funds continue to include appropriations for the annual \$125,000 Grant to work with the school district to combat substance abuse. First received in September of 2016, this 5-year renewable grant will add to City services to fight this public safety crisis.

<u>Tourism Commission:</u> The Tourism Commission was created by ordinance on December 6, 2016, pursuant to Wisconsin Statutes. Revenues for 2019 are estimated at \$226,000. 2019 is anticipated to be the first year of budget expenditures by the Commission. The Commission expenditures of \$167,500 will pursue tourism development and tourism promotion activities, including but not limited to marketing, advertising, and attending or participating in tourism events.

Budget Process: Staff works with the Mayor for months in developing a recommended budget for presentation to the Common Council. This year, a meeting was added in June to ensure the Aldermen had advance notice of severe issues and had an opportunity to provide guidance or input as to the manner by which to address those issues. The ordinance provides further that the Common Council's Committee of the Whole review and make recommendations on the budget. Staff will work with the Aldermen directly or through the Committee of the Whole review process to ensure the Aldermen have the information necessary to review and consider the Recommended Budget. Aldermen will be able to alter the budget that is submitted to the public hearing by making a motion to recommend an amendment to the Mayor's 2019 Recommended Budget. Such a motion would require approval by a majority of members of the Committee of the Whole. Absent any such action, the Recommended Budget as submitted by the Mayor would be published for presentation at the public hearing.

<u>Conclusion:</u> Once again, the Mayor's Recommended 2019 Budget had to address an initial budget projection with a large projected deficit. This circumstance, unfortunately, is likely the norm. Until net new construction (the amount of new property development growth tracked and applied as part of the State's levy limits) routinely reaches three to four percent growth, each budget will face a funding

challenge. As explained in great detail at the outset of this transmittal letter, normal market conditions will cause annual demands of \$450,000 to \$850,000.

Because of this, this budget attempts to establish an initial approach to examining and treating this annual budget dilemma. The Mayor's Recommended 2019 Budget considered three models for addressing the fiscal demands generated by the marketplace: a "Minimum," a "More Practical," and an "On-going." The budget then recommends as a starting point that the City be willing to use property tax increases to fund the "Minimum" model and use cost savings and revenue enhancements to raise the funding to at least the "On-going" level. In doing so, core municipal services could be preserved.

I encourage the Common Council and, likely, the Finance Committee to continue discussions on these models and to evaluate their reasonableness. The Personnel Committee may similarly be engaged in the process. The City should establish a baseline approach as to how to address the annual fiscal dilemma generated by normal market demands. This budget proposes and applies one such approach.

During these discussions, the City could also begin to look for additional approaches to enhance revenues or reduce costs to help prepare to bridge the gap to the "On-going" model's level of support. With levy limits and net new construction under one and two percent each year, the budget will always present a looming shortfall. The budget, however, does not have to be a crisis if the City starts with and develops a plan for beginning to define and address each pending shortfall.

Respectfully submitted,

Mark W. Luberda

Director of Administration

SUMMARY OF CITY OF FRANKLIN REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

| | 2016 | 2017 | | 2018 Adopted | | 2018 Amended | | 2018 Estimate | | 2019 Adopted | Percent |
|---|--|-------------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|------------------|----|-------------------|---------|
| Operating Funds: General Fund | Actual | Actual | | Budget | | Budget | | 12 months) | | Budget | Change |
| Revenue | | | _ | | | | _ | | | | |
| Other Taxes | \$ 1,914,118 | \$ 1,711,033 | \$ | 1,775,100 | \$ | 1,775,100 | \$ | 1,752,100 | \$ | 1,745,800 | -1.7% |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | 2,318,825 | 2,264,961 | | 2,432,926 | | 2,432,926 | | 2,303,380 | | 1,736,127 | -28.6% |
| Licenses and Permits | 659,312 | 769,662 | | 1,040,990 | | 1,040,990 | | 1,131,232 | | 1,038,990 | -0.2% |
| Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties | 498,654 | 485,407 | | 500,000 | | 500,000 | | 500,000 | | 546,000 | 9.2% |
| Public Charges for Service | 1,452,601 | 1,603,247 | | 1,805,350 | | 1,805,350 | | 1,871,350 | | 2,056,950 | 13.9% |
| Intergovernmental Charges | 194,805 | 172,796 | | 196,500 | | 196,500 | | 193,000 | | 207,500 | 5.6% |
| Interest Revenue | 161,281 | 189,275 | | 205,000 | | 205,000 | | 186,000 | | 265,000 | 29.3% |
| Miscellaneous Revenue Transfers from Other Funds | 187,874 0 | 153,068 26,950 | | 120,350 0 | | 120,350 0 | | 183,050 0 | | 162,150 59,250 | 34.7% |
| Total non-tax levy revenue | 7,387,470 | 7,376,399 | | 8,076,216 | | 8,076,216 | | 8,120,112 | | 7,817,767 | -3.2% |
| Property Taxes | 16,297,268 | 16,415,435 | | 16,918,049 | | 16,918,049 | | 16,920,800 | | 18,130,675 | 7.2% |
| Total Revenue | 23,684,738 | 23,791,834 | | 24,994,265 | | 24,994,265 | | 25,040,912 | | 25,948,442 | 3.8% |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 2,910,895 | \$ 2,940,894 | \$ | 2,776,627 | \$ | 2,846,342 | \$ | 3,070,661 | \$ | 2,827,620 | 1.8% |
| Public Safety | 15,787,823 | 16,660,356 | · | 17,296,241 | · | 17,348,342 | • | 17,531,467 | • | 17,784,187 | 2.8% |
| Public Works | 3,745,146 | 3,852,472 | | 3,437,593 | | 3,456,493 | | 3,352,100 | | 3,571,132 | 3.9% |
| Health and Human Services | 646,869 | 675,874 | | 710,345 | | 710,345 | | 662,930 | | 750,797 | 5.7% |
| Culture and Recreation | 203,935 | 211,959 | | 197,914 | | 201,874 | | 216,735 | | 206,702 | 4.4% |
| Conservation and Development | 523,268 | 520,314 | | 595,345 | | 615,345 | | 570,030 | | 640,776 | 7.6% |
| Contingency | 1 | , | | 1,405,000 | | 1,343,000 | | 0 | | 2,067,228 | 47.1% |
| Transfers Out & Other Financing Uses | 1,226,025 | 33,138 | | 0 | | 0 | | ŏ | | 250,000 | 47.170 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 25,043,962 | \$ 24,895,007 | \$ | 26,419,065 | \$ | 26,521,741 | \$ | 25,403,923 | \$ | 28,098,442 | 6.4% |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 9,046,808 | 7,687,584 | | 6,584,411 | | 6,584,411 | | 6,584,411 | | 6,221,400 | |
| Net Change/Transfer from Fund Bal. | (1,359,224) | (1,103,173) | | (1,424,800) | | (1,527,476) | | (363,011) | | (2,150,000) | |
| End of Year | \$ 7,687,584 | \$ 6,584,411 | \$ | 5,159,611 | \$ | 5,056,935 | \$ | 6,221,400 | \$ | 4,071,400 | |
| Non-Spendable Fund Balance | \$ 2,294,958 | \$ 246,548 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,416,766 | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | 250,000 | |
| Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes - Library | \$ 1,287,000 | \$ 1,296,600 | \$ | 1,303,200 | \$ | 1,303,200 | \$ | 1,303,200 | \$ | 1,312,700 | 0.7% |
| Reciprocal Borrowing - Library | 93,361 | 88,601 | | 75,000 | | 75,000 | | 75,000 | | 68,000 | -9.3% |
| Miscellaneous Revenue - Library | 6,635 | 7,081 | | 8,500 | | 8,500 | | 9,100 | | 8,500 | 0.0% |
| Library Auxiliary | 90,758 | 68,218 | | 68,500 | | 68,500 | | 58,800 | | 70,000 | 2.2% |
| Civic Celebrations | 143,003 | 153,693 | | 111,000 | | 111,000 | | 117,400 | | 119,000 | 7.2% |
| St Martins Fair | 38,605 | 36,735 | | 38,050 | | 38,050 | | 33,750 | | 37,700 | -0.9% |
| Tourism Commission | 0 | 211,793 | | 96,800 | | 96,800 | | 206,100 | | 226,000 | 133.5% |
| Donations | 71,179 | 51,616 | | 22,200 | | 22,200 | | 28,050 | | 21,000 | -5.4% |
| Grant | 148,257 | 233,309 | | 124,850 | | 123,250 | | 26,400 | | 233,450 | 87.0% |
| Solid Waste Collection | 1,610,206 | 1,638,190 | | 1,637,300 | | 1,637,300 | | 1,647,450 | | 1,660,700 | 1.4% |
| Total Revenue | 3,489,004 | 3,785,836 | \$ | 3,485,400 | \$ | 3,483,800 | \$ | 3,505,250 | \$ | 3,757,050 | 7.8% |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Library | 1,422,486 | 1,313,353 | \$ | 1,386,700 | \$ | 1,411,700 | \$ | 1,367,750 | \$ | 1,382,116 | -0.3% |
| Library Auxiliary | 83,491 | 61,727 | | 68,500 | | 68,500 | | 66,300 | | 69,920 | 2.1% |
| Civic Celebrations | 142,353 | 136,352 | | 96,694 | | 96,694 | | 78,565 | | 103,691 | 7.2% |
| St Martins Fair | 44,364 | 52,717 | | 52,785 | | 52,785 | | 49,775 | | 50,756 | -3.8% |
| Tourism Commission | • | - | | 154,000 | | 154,000 | | 0 | | 167,500 | 8.8% |
| Donations | 27,525 | 78,812 | | 140,516 | | 157,516 | | 37,000 | | 88,400 | -37.1% |
| Grant | 146,690 | 195,452 | | 184,750 | | 183,150 | | 26,400 | | 317,186 | 71.7% |
| Solid Waste Collection | 1,540,267 | 1,575,396 | | 1,577,683 | | 1,577,683 | | 1,602,656 | | 1,649,501 | 4.6% |
| Total Expenditures | 3,407,176 | 3,413,809 | \$ | 3,661,628 | \$ | 3,702,028 | \$ | 3,228,446 | \$ | 3,829,070 | 4.6% |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | 81,828 | 372,027 | | (176,228) | | (218,228) | | 276,804 | | (72,020) | |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of the Year | 1,113,536 | 1,195,364 | | 1,567,391 | | 1,567,391 | | 1,567,391 | | 1,844,195 | |
| End of the Year | 1,195,364 | 1,567,391 | | 1,391,163 | | 1,349,163 | | 1,844,195 | | 1,772,175 | |
| | ······································ | | | | | | | | _ | | |

SUMMARY OF CITY OF FRANKLIN REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

| | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 Adopted | 2018 Amended | 2018 Estimate | | | 2019 Adopted | Percent | |
|---|----------|---------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|----|------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Operating Funds: | | Actual | | Actual | | Budget | Budget | | 12 months) | _ | Budget | Change |
| Capital Expenditure Funds Equipment Replacement Fund, Capital Out | lav Fu | nd & Street Imi | nrov | ement Fund | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | iay i ui | ia a oucceiii | 0.01 | omoner and | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes-Capital Outlay | \$ | 437,100 | \$ | 444,300 | \$ | 450,500 | \$ 450,500 | \$ | 450,500 | \$ | 452,800 | 0.5% |
| Property Taxes-Equip Replacement | | 342,600 | | 348,300 | | 350,000 | 350,000 | | 350,000 | | 175,000 | -50.0% |
| Property Taxes-Street Improvement | | 693,500 | | 704,900 | | 714,700 | 714,700 | | 714,700 | | 18,200 | -97.5% |
| Total Prop Tax Levy - Capital | | 1,473,200 | | 1,497,500 | | 1,515,200 | 1,515,200 | | 1,515,200 | | 646,000 | -57.4% |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | | 97,300 | | 7,849 | | 75,000 | 75,000 | | 70,396 | | 705,000 | 840.0% |
| Landfill Siting Revenue | | 400,000 | | 481,000 | | 480,000 | 480,000 | | 480,000 | | 826,700 | 72.2% |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | | 174,476 | | 112,723 | | 84,000 | 84,000 | | 78,000 | | 94,000 | 11.9% |
| Transfers from Other Funds | | 26,025 | | 33,138 | | 0 | 134,138 | | 101,000 | | 250,000 | |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 2,171,001 | \$ | 2,132,210 | \$ | 2,154,200 | \$ 2,288,338 | \$ | 2,244,596 | \$ | 2,521,700 | 17.1% |
| Expenditures | | | _ | | _ | | | | | | 4 400 070 | 004.00/ |
| Capital Outlay-Equip Replacement | \$ | 581,235 | \$ | 655,454 | \$ | 295,754 | \$ 299,754 | \$ | 329,169 | \$ | 1,196,670 | 304.6% |
| Capital Outlay-Capital Outlay | | 898,726 | | 677,677 | | 679,214 | 952,722 | | 915,431 | | 1,077,945 975,000 | 58.7% 6.0% |
| Capital Outlay-Street Improvement | | 940,546 | | 815,213 | | 920,000 | 920,000 | | 868,200 | | | |
| Total Expenditures Fund Balance | \$ | 2,420,507 | \$ | 2,148,344 | \$ | 1,894,968 | \$ 2,172,476 | \$ | 2,112,800 | \$ | 3,249,615 | 71.5% |
| Beginning of the Year | | 3,216,761 | | 2,967,255 | | 2,951,121 | 2,951,121 | | 2.951.121 | | 3,082,917 | |
| End of the Year | \$ | 2,967,255 | \$ | 2,951,121 | \$ | 3,210,353 | \$ 3,066,983 | \$ | 3,082,917 | \$ | 2,355,002 | |
| Debt Service Fund | | 11.11 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes - Debt Service | \$ | 1,500,000 | \$ | 1,300,000 | \$ | 1,300,000 | \$ 1,300,000 | \$ | 1,300,000 | \$ | 1,300,000 | 0.0% |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | • | 2,495 | • | 858 | | • | • | | | | | |
| Other Financing Source: | | · | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer from Other Funds | | 170,931 | | 113,997 | | 153,816 | 153,816 | | 333,000 | | 203,940 | 32.6% |
| Transfer from TIF Districts | | | | | | - | | | - | | • | |
| Transfer from Special Assessments | | - | | 373 | | 141,896 | 141,896 | | 60,000 | | 36,248 | -74.5% |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 1,673,426 | \$ | 1,415,228 | \$ | 1,595,712 | \$ 1,595,712 | \$ | 1,693,000 | \$ | 1,540,188 | -3.5% |
| Proceeds from Borrowing | | 5,924,202 | | 51,071 | | • | • | | • | | - | |
| Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service * | \$ | 7,514,380 | \$ | 1,499,736 | \$ | 1,646,783 | \$ 1,646,783 | \$ | 1,646,783 | \$ | 1,540,188 | -6.5% |
| Interfund Advances (Repayments) | | | | | | - | - | | - | | - | |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of the Year | | 1,258 | | 84,506 | | 51,069 | 51,069 | | 51,069 | | 97,286 | |
| Interfund advances * | | | | | | - | - | | - | | - | |
| End of the Year | \$ | 84,506 | \$ | 51,069 | \$ | (2) | \$ (2) | \$ | 97,286 | \$ | 97,286 | |
| Special Assessment Fund Balance | \$ | 566,790 | \$ | 683,951 | \$ | 542,055 | \$ 506,026 | \$ | 402,315 | \$ | 735,022 | |
| * Excludes TIF Districts Debt service an | d inter | nal investmen | t act | ivity | | | | | | | | |
| Summary of Budgeted Funds (without Car | ital Im | provement and | d Dev | elopment Fund | s): | | | | | | | |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 31,018,169 | \$ | 31,125,108 | \$ | 32,229,577 | \$ 32,362,115 | \$ | 32,483,758 | \$ | 33,767,380 | 4.8% |
| Total Expenditures | | 38,386,025 | | 31,956,896 | | 33,622,444 | 34,043,028 | | 32,391,952 | | 36,717,315 | 9.2% |
| • | | 20,509,000 | | 20,509,000 | | 21,027,849 | 21,027,849 | | 21.027.400 | | 21.389.375 | 1.72% |
| Total Tax Levy Percent of Total Revenue | | 20,509,000 66.1% | , | 20,509,000 | | 65.2% | 65.0% | | 64.7% | | 63.3% | 1.1.270 |
| Assessed Value | | 3,265,477,000 | | 3,297,064,200 | | 3,601,192,725 | | | | | 4,035,310,280 | 12.1% |
| Tax Rate | | | | | | \$5.620 | | | | | \$5.434 | -3.3% |
| Tax Rate - Final | | \$6.260 |) | \$5.690 | | \$5.620 | | | | | | |
| Total Fund Balance - (excl non-spendable |) | 10,206,540 | | | | 10,303,179 | 7,562,338 | | 11,573,112 | | 8,780,884 | -14.8% |

SUMMARY OF CITY OF FRANKLIN REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

| Operating Funds: | | 2016 Actual | | 2017 Actual | | 2018 Adopted Budget | | 2018 Amended Budget | , | 2018 Estimate 12 months) | | 2019 Adopted Budget | Percent Change |
|---|----------|---------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Sanitary Sewer Fund Revenue | | Notau | | Actual | | Duager | | Dauget | | 12 monusej | • | Duaget | Onunge |
| Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue | \$ | 3,331,065 39,109 | \$ | 3,315,879 60,252 | \$ | 3,700,990 7,500 | \$ | 3,444,360 20,000 | \$ | 3,681,000 20,000 | \$ | 3,776,400 14,000 | 2.0% 86.7% |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 3,370,174 | \$ | 3,376,131 | \$ | 3,708,490 | \$ | 3,464,360 | \$ | 3,701,000 | \$ | 3,790,400 | 2.2% |
| Expenditures Operations and Maintenance Capital Outlay & Other Transfers to Other Funds | \$ | 3,136,029 60,612 96,750 | \$ | 3,055,876 53,009 99,750 | \$ | 3,463,058 170,000 99,750 | \$ | 2,985,258 194,750 99,750 | \$ | 3,147,950 200,000 99,750 | \$ | 3,468,996 211,500 99,750 | 0.2% 24.4% 0.0% |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 3,293,391 | \$ | 3,208,635 | \$ | 3,732,808 | \$ | 3,279,758 | \$ | 3,447,700 | \$ | 3,780,246 | 1.3% |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | \$ | 76,783 | | 167,496 | | (24,318) | | 184,602 | \$ | 253,300 | \$ | 10,154 | |
| Retained earnings Beginning of the Year Transfer to Invested in Capital | · | 1,479,018 (332,810) | · | 1,222,991 78,769 | · | 1,469,256 (427,975) | · | 1,469,256 (427,975) | · | 1,469,256 (412,800) | · | 1,309,756 116,900 | |
| End of the Year | \$ | 1,222,991 | \$ | 1,469,256 | \$ | 1,016,963 | \$ | 1,225,883 | \$ | 1,309,756 | \$ | 1,436,810 | |
| Interfund Advance <u>Capital Improvement Fund (One time proje</u> Revenue | cts): | 2,198,616 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | |
| Landfill Siting Revenue Miscellaneous Revenue Other Financing Sources | \$ | 533,843 147,352 1,474,511 | \$ | 370,758 120,435 661 | \$ | 276,000 155,000 18,082,179 | \$ | 276,000 793,000 18,082,179 | \$ | 276,000 661,784 144,787 | \$ | 560,000 1,170,000 1,384,511 | 102.9% 654.8% -92.3% |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 2,155,706 | \$ | 491,854 | \$ | 18,513,179 | \$ | 19,151,179 | \$ | 1,082,571 | \$ | 3,114,511 | -83.2% |
| Proceeds from Borrowing | \$ | - | \$ | 1,589,558 | \$ | 5,502,000 | \$ | 5,502,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,025,000 | |
| Expenditures Capital Outlay Other Financing Uses | \$ | 1,128,268 - | \$ | 1,003,190 | \$ | 25,754,317 | \$ | 27,064,037 101,000 | \$ | 2,026,849 - | \$ | 7,973,109 - | -69.0% |
| Fund Balance Beginning of the Year End of the Year | <u> </u> | 1,689,836 2,717,274 | \$ | 2,717,274 3,795,496 | \$ | 3,795,496 2,056,358 | \$ | 3,795,496 1,283,638 | \$ | 3,795,496 2,851,218 | -\$ | 2,851,218 17,620 | |
| Ella State (Cal | <u>*</u> | 2016 Actual | <u> </u> | 0,100,400 | | 2018 Adopted Budget | <u> </u> | 2018 Amended Budget | | 2018 Estimate 12 months) | <u>*</u> | 2019 Adopted Budget | Percent Change |
| Development Fund (Impact Fees) Revenue | | | | | | :· . | - | | | | | | |
| Park Impact Sanitary Sewer - SW Zone | \$ | 209,983 | \$ | 66,591 | \$ | 192,000 122,440 | \$ | 192,000 122,440 | \$ | 400,000 | \$ | 400,000 35,000 | 108.3% -71.4% |
| Administrative Fee Water Impact Transportation Impact | | 5,060 210,581 8,738 | | 2,695 122,539 19,218 | | 4,125 185,000 8,400 | | 4,125 185,000 8,400 | | 12,000 500,000 25,000 | | 7,500 425,000 25,000 | 81.8% 129.7% 197.6% |
| Fire Protection Law Enforcement Impact Library | | 31,058 57,694 59,483 | | 17,970 33,017 19,383 | | 32,250 55,930 43,950 | | 32,250 55,930 43,950 | | 75,000 112,000 112,000 | | 50,000 75,000 75,000 | 55.0% 34.1% 70.6% |
| Total Impact Fees Interest, Investment & Other Revenue | \$ | 582,597 33,343 | \$ | 281,413 40,848 | \$ | | \$ | 644,095 44,567 | \$ | 1,236,000 60,000 | \$ | 1,092,500 60,000 | 69.6% 34.6% |
| Total Revenue | | 615,940 | | 322,261 | | 688,662 | | 688,662 | | 1,296,000 | | 1,152,500 | 67.4% |
| Expenditures Transfer to Debt Service Transfer to Capital Improvement | | 170,931 212,224 | | 113,997 661 | | 454,450 1,572,350 | | 454,450 1,572,350 | | 268,100 220,000 | | 454,450 384,511 | 0.0% -75.5% 1.0% |
| Other Total Expenditures | | 25,878 409,033 | - | 99,665 214,323 | | 1,010,000 3,036,800 | - | 1,013,321 3,040,121 | | 10,000 498,100 | | 1,020,000 | -38.8% |
| Fund Balance Beginning of the Year Tot: End of the Year | \$ | 3,851,653 4,058,560 | \$ | 4,058,560 4,166,498 | \$ | 4,166,498 1,818,360 | \$ | 4,166,498 1,815,039 | \$ | 4,166,498 4,964,398 | \$ | 4,964,398 4,257,937 | |

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SUMMARY OF CITY OF FRANKLIN REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

| Operating Funds: | | 2016 Actual | | 2017 Actual | | 2018 Adopted Budget | | 2018 Amended Budget | | 2018 Estimate 2 months) | | 2019 Adopted Budget | Percent Change |
|--|----|---------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Utility Development Fund Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Spec Assessment & Connection Fees Investment & Other Revenue | \$ | 270,967 46,220 | \$ | 143,537 45,651 | \$ | 181,600 34,000 | \$ | 181,600 34,000 | \$ | 234,600 51,500 | \$ | 94,600 27,900 | -47.9% -17.9% |
| Total Revenue | | 317,187 | | 189,188 | | 215,600 | | 215,600 | | 286,100 | | 122,500 | |
| Expenditures Transfer to Capital Improv - Water Transfer to Capital Improv - Sewer Other | | | | | | 500,000 500,000 | | 500,000 500,000 - | | | | 500,000 500,000 - | 0.0% 0.0% |
| Total Expenditures | | - | | - | | 1,000,000 | | 1,000,000 | | - | - | 1,000,000 | |
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning of the Year End of the Year | \$ | 907,004 1,224,191 | \$ | 1,224,191 1,413,379 | \$ | 1,413,379 628,979 | \$ | 1,413,379 628,979 | \$ | 1,413,379 1,699,479 | \$ | 1,699,479 821,979 | |
| Tax Incremental District #3 | Ψ | 1,224,191 | Ψ | 1,410,019 | Ψ | 020,919 | * | 020,979 | · • | 1,033,473 | - | 021,979 | |
| Revenue Taxes intergovernmental Revenue Investment & Other | \$ | 1,730,642 355,862 126,280 | \$ | 1,253,575 458,196 23,049 | \$ | 1,384,100 584,400 5,000 | \$ | 1,384,100 584,400 5,000 | \$ | 1,381,200 464,931 20,250 | \$ | 1,180,900 479,831 25,000 | -14.7% -17.9% 400.0% |
| Total Revenue | | 2,212,784 | | 1,734,820 | | 1,973,500 | | 1,973,500 | | 1,866,381 | | 1,685,731 | |
| Expenditiures Capital Outlay Other | | 1,035,841 10,520 | | 1,401,976 10,220 | | 2,650 5,010,220 | | 1,381,463 5,010,220 | | 30,650 948,783 | | 110,175 4,592,440 | 4057.5% -8.3% |
| Principal Interest | | 39,900 719,289 | | 54,675 1,694,477 | | 985,000 97,209 | | 985,000 97,209 | | 985,000 15,199 | | 61,500 | -36.7% |
| Total Expenditures | | 1,805,550 | | 3,161,348 | | 6,095,079 | | 7,473,892 | | 1,979,632 | | 4,764,115 | -00.770 |
| Net Revenues | | 407,234 | | (1,426,528) | | (4,121,579) | | (5,500,392) | | (113,251) | | (3,078,384) | |
| Loan Proceeds Transfers In Transfers Out | | (62,289) | | (1,420,020) - - | | 5,013,000 - | | 5,013,000 - | | | | 3,450,000 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 996,460 | | 1,341,405 | | (85,123) | | (85,123) | | (85,123) | | (198,374) | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | 1,341,405 | \$ | (85,123) | \$ | 806,298 | \$ | (572,515) | \$ | (198,374) | \$ | 173,242 | |
| Interfund Advances Due <u>Tax Incremental District #4</u> Revenue | \$ | 550,000 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | • | |
| Taxes intergovernmental Revenue Investment & Other | \$ | 1,380,915 18,043 (5,035) | \$ | 1,162,065 15,960 18,283 | \$ | 1,151,600 14,700 10,015,000 | \$ | 1,151,600 14,700 10,015,000 | \$ | 1,192,200 14,700 20,000 | \$ | 1,156,400 19,700 20,000 | 0.4% 34.0% -99.8% |
| Total Revenue | | 1,393,923 | | 1,196,308 | | 11,181,300 | | 11,181,300 | | 1,226,900 | | 1,196,100 | |
| Expenditiures Capital Outlay Other Interest | | - 12,505 920 | | - 32,591 - | | 12,000,000 1,220,500 | | 12,000,000 1,271,693 - | | 1,250,000 102,350 | | 8,000,000 228,600 - | -33.3% -81.3% |
| Total Expenditures | | 13,425 | | 32,591 | | 13,220,500 | | 13,271,693 | | 1,352,350 | | 8,228,600 | |
| Net Revenues | | 1,380,498 | | 1,163,717 | | (2,039,200) | | (2,090,393) | | (125,450) | | (7,032,500) | |
| Loan Proceeds | | | | | | | | | | | | 5,000,000 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance Ending Fund Balance | \$ | (138,216) 1,242,282 | \$ | 1,242,282 2,405,999 | \$ | 2,405,999 366,799 | \$ | 2,405,999 315,606 | \$ | 2,405,999 2,280,549 | \$ | 2,280,549 248,049 | |
| Interfund Advances Due | \$ | • | | | \$ | - | \$ | • | \$ | - | \$ | • | |

SUMMARY OF CITY OF FRANKLIN REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

| Operating Funds: Tax Incremental District #5 | | 2016 Actual | 2017 Actual | | 2018 Adopted Budget | | 2018 Amended Budget | (| 2018 Estimate 12 months) | | 2019 Adopted Budget | Percent Change |
|---|----|----------------------------|-------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|------------------------------|
| Revenue Taxes intergovernmental Revenue Investment & Other | \$ | : | \$ - - - | \$ | 30,100 300 - | \$ | 30,100 300 - | \$ | 30,500 - 138,724 | \$ | 31,500 400 25,000 | 4.7% 33.3% |
| Total Revenue | | - | • | | 30,400 | | 30,400 | | 169,224 | | 56,900 | 87.2% |
| Expenditiures Capital Outlay Other Principal Interest | | 17,351 34,495 - - | - 47,028 - - | | 17,513,382 72,400 - 254,813 | | 17,513,382 101,141 - 254,813 | | 14,875,000 4,075,980 - 227,520 | | - 4,030,700 10,000,000 775,810 | -100.0% 5467.3% 204.5% |
| Total Expenditures | | 51,846 | 47,028 | | 17,840,595 | | 17,869,336 | | 19,178,500 | _ | 14,806,510 | -17.0% |
| Net Revenues | | (51,846) | (47,028) | | (17,810,195) | | (17,838,936) | | (19,009,276) | | (14,749,610) | -17.2% |
| Loan Proceeds Transfers In Transfers Out | | - | | | 18,321,000 | | 18,321,000 | | 23,304,968 | | 9,900,000 | -46.0% |
| Beginning Fund Balance Ending Fund Balance | \$ | (51,846) | (51,846) \$ (98,874) | | (98,874) 411,931 | \$ | (98,874) 383,190 | \$ | (98,874) 4,196,818 | \$ | 4,196,818 (652,792) | |
| Interfund Advances Due | | | | | 2016 Adopted Budget | | 2016 Amended Budget | (| 2016 Estimate 12 months) | \$ | 75,000 2019 Adopted Budget | |
| Internal Service Fund Self Insurance Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues Medical Insurance Premiums | \$ | 2,888,640 | \$ 2,868,849 | \$ | 3,014,400 | \$ | 3,014,400 | \$ | 3,014,000 | \$ | 3,479,725 | 15.4% |
| Dental Insurance Premiums | • | 166,818 | 166,233 | Ť | 181,300 | • | 181,300 | • | 171,500 | • | 172,675 | -4.8% |
| Investment income | | 31,196 | 29,588 | | 18,300 | | 18,300 | | 192,000 | | 30,000 | 63.9% |
| Total Revenues | | 3,086,654 | 3,064,670 | | 3,214,000 | | 3,214,000 | | 3,377,500 | | 3,682,400 | |
| Medical Claims Prescriptioin Drug Claims | | 2,348,503 310,647 | 2,476,422 299,409 | | 2,376,800 0 | | 2,376,800 0 | | 2,489,000 335,000 | | 2,833,650 0 | 19.2% |
| Stop Loss Premiums | | 648,325 | 677,598 | | 664,000 | | 664,000 | | 577,500 | | 667,300 | 0.5% |
| All other costs | | 305,513 | 273,126 | | 251,500 | | 251,500 | | 236,000 | | 323,350 | 28.6% |
| Dental Claims Restricted Contingency | | 189,473 0 | 197,994 0 | | 183,500 528,000 | | 183,500 528,000 | | 215,225 0 | | 192,675 0 | 5.0% |
| Total Expenditures | - | 3,802,461 | 3,924,549 | | 4,003,800 | | 4,003,800 | | 3,852,725 | | 4,016,975 | |
| Net Revenues (Expenditures) | | (715,807) | (859,879) | | (789,800) | | (789,800) | | (475,225) | | (334,575) | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 3,461,882 | 2,746,075 | | 1,886,196 | | 1,886,196 | | 1,886,196 | | 1,410,971 | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | 2,746,075 | \$ 1,886,196 | \$ | 1,096,396 | \$ | 1,096,396 | \$ | 1,410,971 | | 1,076,396 | |

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Budget Process and Calendar

Pursuant to Section 13-2.A. of the Municipal Code of the City of Franklin, each year, the Mayor presents a budget timetable to the Common Council no later than March 1st, for review and approval by the Common Council. Each year, the Mayor, with the assistance of the Director of Administration, Director of Finance and Treasurer, and all other department heads, is responsible for the preparation of the Mayor's Recommended Annual Budget, presenting a financial plan for conducting the affairs of the City for the ensuing calendar year, and submits it to the Committee of the Whole for its review and recommendation. Upon its review of the Recommended Budget, the Committee of the Whole submits its proposed budget to the Common Council for review and approval.

The annual budget includes:

- Expenses of conducting each department and activity of the City for the ensuing fiscal year and corresponding items for the current year and last preceding fiscal year, with reasons for increase and decrease recommended as compared with appropriations for the current year.
- An itemization of all anticipated income of the City from sources other than general property taxes and bond proceeds, with a comparative statement of the amounts received by the City from each of the sources for the last preceding and current fiscal year.
- An itemization of the amount of money to be raised from general property taxes, which, with income from other sources, will be necessary to meet the proposed expenditures.
- Any other information required by the Council and State law.

As required by law, the Common Council holds a public hearing on the proposed budget before final approval.

After approval of the annual budget by the Common Council, the amount of the tax to be levied or certified and the amounts of the various appropriations and the purposes thereof cannot be changed except by a two-thirds vote of the entire membership of the Common Council. Notice of such amendment is to be given by publication within 10 days thereafter in the Official City Newspaper.

No money is to be drawn from the treasury of the City or any obligation for the expenditure of money be incurred except in pursuance of the annual appropriation in the adopted budget or when changed as authorized. At the close of each fiscal year, any unencumbered balance of an appropriation reverts to the general fund and is subject to re-appropriation. Appropriations may be made by the Common Council, to be paid out of the income of the current year, for improvements or other objects or works that will not be completed within such year, and any such appropriations continue until the purpose for which it was made have been accomplished or abandoned.

The 2019 Budget Time line included a schedule as follows:

| September 18, 2018 | Distribution of the Mayor's Recommended Budget to the Common Council |
|--------------------|--|
| September 19, 2018 | Common Council meeting agenda includes a presentation overview of the budget and major budget initiatives. Alderman identify additional materials or information needed for the October 3 budget discussions |
| October 1, 2018 | Committee of the Whole reviews Mayors Recommended Budget |
| October 2, 2018 | Regular Common Council meeting, may continue work begun during the Committee of the Whole. |
| October 9, 2018 | Alternate day for additional Committee of the Whole meeting and Budget Discussion |
| October 17, 2018 | Preparation of Public Hearing Notice |
| October 16, 2018 | Regular Common Council Meeting available for discussion of any budget topic as may be needed |
| October 24, 2018 | Publication of Preliminary Budget and Public Hearing Notice |
| November 6, 2018 | Committee of the Whole meeting available for discussion of any budget topics as may be needed |
| November 13, 2018 | Public Hearing on the Proposed 2019 Budget |
| November 13, 2018 | Common Council Meeting to Adopt 2019 Budget |

Opportunities and Threats That Could Impact Franklin and Current and Future Year Budgets

Opportunities

- Franklin's history of strong property value growth, its location relative to significant transportation corridors, and past successful TID developments suggests that the community could again see strong development numbers if sufficient market-ready and market-attractive parcels become available.
- Level of City tax rate is below comparable Milwaukee County communities.
- Continue the receipt of landfill siting fees beyond 2018 by assisting Waste Management in receiving necessary approvals to expand in the north area of landfill which could extend landfill siting fees for many years.
- Consolidation of similar services with neighboring communities.
- Billing 100% of the fire protection charges to the water utility customers instead of the current practice of 50% to the property tax levy and 50% to the utility customer in 2017 Public Fire Protection tax levy supported fee is \$271,000.
- Establishing a property tax equivalent from the Sewer Service Fund that would provide the equivalent of property taxes on the sewer service assets similar to the amounts charged to the Water Utility (requires state law change).
- Completion (2013) of the Ryan Creek Sewer Interceptor opens significant new areas of the City to future development, expands the potential for Highway 36 corridor development, and represents the largest area of undeveloped land in Milwaukee County.
- Infrastructure design requirements on new development that result in longer lasting infrastructure components, reducing demand for replacement costs.
- Technology enhancements in the government functions that increase productivity of service providers i.e. tablets that permit in field updates to infrastructure maintenance.
- Utility monitoring that identifies lost water earlier and avoids losing water to the environment.
- Synergies with other communities in transporting potable water across Franklin for delivery to points west or south.
- New natural conservation recreation areas as a result of MMSD and Waste Management agreements improve quality of life for residents.
- Changes in state law that increases the ability for the City to join the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Threats

- Current lack of sufficient growth in the value of non-residential properties.
- Lack of developed and ready business park parcels will stop high-value, non-residential growth and possibly lose existing businesses.
- Lack of single-family developed lots limits the growth needed for service sector development...

- Lack of population density limits "guality of life" developments.
- Continued efforts by the State to reduce aids to municipalities. For example, the proposed 2015-16 State Budget contained language to eliminate personal property tax payments by businesses and to remove the Stat's contribution to local governments for matching Exempt Computer Aids. Both are large revenue sources to the City. The proposals failed but received significant consideration, and the personal property tax proposal is again in the State budget under consideration at this time.
- Continued impacts from statutory changes that limit the amount of hotel tax that can be used for General Fund purposes.
- Municipal property tax levy increases are limited to the larger of new construction growth or 0%, while various user fees increases are further limited by requiring offsets against the allowable levy.
- State restrictions on local control and decision making can affect expenditures, revenues, services, and alternatives.
- Structural deficits in the Capital funds caused by revenue reductions without lasting expense reductions or by increased demands and needs.
- Demands on and for program and operating expenditures:
 - Potential for large increases in annual health care costs and the impact of national healthcare reforms on the City's group plan.
 - Development of the Park plan could strain available financial resources.
 - Potential cost of a large scale Emerald Ash Borer control program.
 - Seed capital for sewer build out in Southwest Sewer District.
 - Continued changes to the paramedic contract may cause program changes and increased personnel and training costs.
- Any sunset of landfill siting revenues will restrict resources in the Capital Funds.
- Lack of growth, current state restrictions, and other threats could cause reductions in staff and/or services.
- The inter-relationship of multiple threats can magnify problems while limiting solutions. For example, the State maintaining levy limits require new growth and development, which is itself at risk.
- 'Cord cutting' and the impact on the \$500,000 of annual cable TV tax revenue.
- Aging workforce, with the potential for loss of intellectual capital upon retirement and the added costs from a legacy defined benefit pension plan.
- The difficulty in replacing personnel vacancies when the workforce pool is getting smaller and the City doesn't participate in WRS, which limits access to experienced municipal employees.
- Continued unchecked rate increases in the cost of water.
- Reduced new construction dampens Impact Fee collections, restricting resources for Debt Service on City infrastructure constructed to support new development. This will require increased Debt Service Levy on those projects until those Impact fees are collected.

The Common Council may wish to modify this list with additional opportunities or threats prior to the public hearing.

Updated Sept 19, 2018

CITY OF FRANKLIN Summary of Assessed Value - Final

| | Jan 1, 2018 | | | | 3 | Jan 1, 2018 | Jan 1, 2017 | | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|
| | Total | TID #3 | TID #4 | TID #5 | TIF | Assessed | Assessed | | |
| | Assessed | Assessed | Assessed | Assessed | Assessed | Values | Values | | PCT |
| | Values | Values | Values | Values | Values | Less TID | Less TID | Difference | Change |
| Personal Property-manufacturing @ FMV | 16,614,100 | | 32,400 | 1 | 32,400 | 16,581,700 | 14,913,600 | 1,668,100 | |
| Assessment Ratio | 100.201% 2 | | 100.201% | 0.000% | 99.074% | 100.201% | 99.122% | | |
| P.P. @ Est Assessed Value | 16,647,200 | 1 | 32,100 | | 32,100 | 16,615,100 | 14,782,600 | 1,832,500 | 12.4% |
| Real Estate-manufacturing @ FMV | 147,131,200 | • | 1,604,076 | • | 1,604,076 | 145,527,124 | 145,407,180 | 119,945 | |
| Assessment Ratio | 100.201% 2 | | 100.201% | 0.000% | 100.201% | 100.201% | 99.117% | | |
| R.E. @ Est Assessed Value | 147,427,000 | - | 1,607,300 | • | 1,607,300 | 145,819,700 | 144,123,400 | 1,696,300 | 1.2% |
| Manufacturing at Est Assessed Value | 164,074,200 | • | 1,639,400 | | 1,639,400 | 162,434,800 | 158,906,000 | 3,528,800 | 2.2% |
| Real Estate - Residential | 3,013,005,480 | 57,554,850 | 21,861,300 | 976,300 | 80,392,450 | 2,932,613,030 | 2,763,848,100 | 168,764,930 | 6.1% |
| Real Estate - Commercial | 801,651,700 | 159,978,000 | 39,591,900 | 3,047,700 | 202,617,600 | 599,034,100 | 571,676,700 | 27,357,400 | 4.8% |
| Real Estate - Agricultural/Other | 19,663,100 | | 502,100 | | 502,100 | 19,161,000 | 18,874,200 | 286,800 | 1.5% |
| Total Real Estate | 3,834,320,280 | 217,532,850 | 61,955,300 | 4,024,000 | 283,512,150 | 3,550,808,130 | 3,354,399,000 | 196,409,130 | 2.9% |
| Personal Property - Commercial | 36,915,800 | 10,224,600 | 3,920,000 | 84,200 | 14,228,800 | 22,687,000 | 39,346,500 | (16,659,500) | -42.3% |
| Residential, Commercial & Agricultural | 3,871,236,080 | 227,757,450 | 65,875,300 | 4,108,200 | 297,740,950 | 3,573,495,130 | 3,393,745,500 | 179,749,630 | 5.3% |
| Sub total Less: TID Base | 4,035,310,280 | 227,757,450 (173,488,200) | 67,514,700 (19,817,900) | 4,108,200 (3,015,800) | 299,380,350 (196,321,900) ^{3,4} | 3,735,929,930 4 196,321,900 ³ | 3,552,651,500 196,321,900 | 183,278,430 | 5.2% |
| Total Assessed Value - 2018 | 4,035,310,280 | 54,269,250 | 47,696,800 | 1,092,400 | 103,058,450 | 3,932,251,830 | 3,748,973,400 | 183,278,430 | 4.9% |
| Percent Increase | 4.7% | -5.2% | 1.5% | -28.4% | -2.6% | 4.9% | | | |
| 2018 Breakdown by Type | | | | | | | | | |
| Real Estate | 3,981,747,280 | 44,044,650 | 43,744,700 | 1,008,200 | 88,797,550 | 3,892,949,730 | 3,694,844,300 | 198,105,430 | |
| Personal Property Total Assessed Value - 2018 | 53,563,000 | 10,224,600 | 3,952,100 47,696,800 | 1.092.400 | 14,260,900 | 39,302,100 | 3,748,973,400 | 183,278,430 | |
| 2018 Breakdown by School District | | | | | | | | | |
| Franklin School District | 3,052,549,730 | 1 | ı | 1,092,400 | 1,092,400 | 3,051,457,330 | 2,775,861,725 | 275,595,605 | |
| Oak Creek/Franklin School District | 741,943,150 | 54,269,250 | 47,696,800 | • | 101,966,050 | 639,977,100 | 604,501,600 | 35,475,500 | |
| Whitnall School District Total Assessed Value - 2018 | 240,817,400 4,035,310,280 | 54,269,250 | 47,696,800 | 1,092,400 | 103,058,450 | 3,932,251,830 | 220,829,400 3,601,192,725 | 19,988,000 331,059,105 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Assessed Value - 2017 | 3,854,766,200 | 57,257,800 | 47,008,500 | 1,526,500 | 105,792,800 | 3,748,973,400 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

¹ Agrees to Statement of Assessment
² Per DOR Average Assessment Ratio to be received
³ 1/1/05 base for TIF#3 & TIF#4 per DOR & 2013 TID 3 Amendment
4 1/1/2016 base for TID #5 per DOR

L:\41803 VOL1 Finance\BUDGET\2019 Budget\Assess Values\[Assessed Value 2018 final.xlsx]Detail 12/13/18

| CITY OF FRANKLIN | sessed Value by District |
|------------------|--------------------------|

| | Assessed Value | ed Value by District | | | Residential | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| | Final #5 | , # | #3 | | Commercial Agricultural | Manufacturing |
| | <u>Franklin</u> | Oak Creek | Whitnall | Total | | Total |
| Real Estate - Manufacturing | 106,220,700 | 40,282,400 5.4% | 923,900 | 147,427,000 | 2 834 320 280 | 147,427,000 |
| Real Estate Total Real Estate | 3,024,441,830 | 718,575,650 | 238,729,800 | 3,981,747,280 | 3,834,320,280 | 147,427,000 |
| Personal Property - Manufacturing | 12,916,600 | 3,557,800 | 172,800 | 16,647,200 | 36 915 800 | 16,647,200 |
| Tetsonal Property Total Personal Property | 28,107,900 | 23,367,500 | 2,087,600 | 53,563,000 | 36,915,800 | 16,647,200 |
| Total | 3,052,549,730 100.00% | 741,943,150 100.00% | 240,817,400 100.00% | 4,035,310,280 | 3,871,236,080 | 164,074,200 |
| Total Assessed Value (TIF in) | 3,052,549,730 | 741,943,150 | 240,817,400 | 4,035,310,280 | 3,871,236,080 | 164,074,200 |
| Total Real Estate Assessed Value (TIF in) | 3,024,441,830 | 718,575,650 | 238,729,800 | 3,981,747,280 | 3,834,320,280 | 147,427,000 |
| lotal Pers Prop Assessed Value (11F In) Total Assessed Value (TIF in) | 3,052,549,730 | 741,943,150 | 240,817,400 | 4,035,310,280 | 3,871,236,080 | 164,074,200 |
| TIF Assessed Values -increment | (1,092,400) | (101,966,050) | 1 | (103,058,450) | (102,875,365) | (183,085) |
| Total Assessed Value (TIF out) | 3,051,457,330 | 639,977,100 | 240,817,400 | 3,932,251,830 | 3,768,360,715 | 163,891,115 |
| Total Residential RE Assessed Value (TIF in) | 2,501,200,430 | 355,089,250 47 9% | 156,715,800 651% | 2018 3,013,005,480 74 7% | | |
| Total RE Commercial, Manufacturing, Agriculture | 505,006,000 | 362,852,200 | 82,014,000 | 949,872,200 | | |
| Percent of total Other & Pers Prop Assessed Value (TIF in) | 16.37% 46,343,300 4.5% | 46.97% 24,001,700 3.2% | 2,087,600 | 72,432,600 72,432,600 | | |
| reicen of total | 8/C: | 3.Z./0 | 0,6.0 | 8/0:- | | |
| Total Assessed Value (TIF in) | 3,052,549,730 100.0% | 741,943,150 100.0% | 240,817,400 100.0% | 4,035,310,280 100.0% | • | ı |
| Total Assessed Value (TIF in) | 3,052,549,730 | 741,943,150 | 240,817,400 | 4,035,310,280 | | |

CITY OF FRANKLIN, WISCONSIN
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Years
(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

| | | Total Levy | City of | Franklin | | 20,426,000 | 20,965,000 | 20,467,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 21,027,849 | 21,389,375 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | isctrict | S | | Whitnall | ı | 22.22 | 22.94 | 22.06 | 22.45 | 24.38 | 24.32 | 23.92 | 22.13 | 21.94 | 21.02 |
| | Total Tax Rate by Disctrict | School Districts | Oak | Creek | | 20.97 | 21.23 | 21.33 | 21.82 | 22.81 | 22.97 | 23.61 | 21.44 | 20.46 | 19.84 |
| | Total Ta | Scl | | Franklin | | 23.44 | 24.76 | 24.12 | 24.45 | 26.97 | 26.42 | 26.33 | 24.09 | 23.28 | 22.47 |
| | | ļ | | State | | 0.18 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.17 | , | 1 |
| Overlapping Rates | Milwaukee | Metropolitan | Sewerage | District | | 1.38 | 1.45 | 1.52 | 1.57 | 1.73 | 1.83 | 1.87 | 1.76 | 1.74 | 1.69 |
| Ove | | | Milwaukee | County | | 4.31 | 4.49 | 4.76 | 4.87 | 5.21 | 5.44 | 5.52 | 5.13 | 5.10 | 4.89 |
| | Milwaukee | Area | Technical | College | | 1.98 | 1.93 | 1.96 | 2.04 | 2.16 | 1.36 | 1.35 | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.22 |
| | | | City of | Franklin | | 5.93 | 6.22 | 5.79 | 5.78 | 6.29 | 6.28 | 6.26 | | 5.62 | 5.43 |
| | | , | School | Credits | • | (1.67) | (1.72) | (1.70) | (1.69) | (1.86) | (1.88) | (2.14) | (1.97) | (2.08) | (1.97) |
| | | Į. | | Whitnall | | 10.11 | 10.40 | 9.56 | 9.72 | 10.67 | 11.11 | 10.88 | 10.08 | 10.29 | 9.76 |
| | | School Districts | Oak | Creek | | 8.86 | 8.69 | 8.83 | 60.6 | 9.10 | 9.76 | 10.57 | 9.39 | 8.82 | 8.58 |
| | | Sc | | Franklin | | 11.33 | 12.22 | 11.62 | 11.72 | 13.26 | 13.21 | 13.29 | 12.04 | 11.64 | 11.21 |
| | • | | • | | | | * | | | # | | | * | * | |
| | | | Budget | Year | | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |

L:\41803 VOL1 Finance\BUDGET\2019 Budget\Tax Calc\[10 yr history of levy.xlsx]Tax Rates * Reassessment Impact

Revaluation Year

Note:

In 2017 the State sunsetted its Property Tax Levy

CITY OF FRANKLIN, WISCONSIN
Property Tax Levies by Tax Jurisdiction
Last Ten Years

| | Total | 720 100 30 | 00,001,071 | 87,907,031 | 87,204,918 | 88,790,749 | 89,048,112 | 87,959,695 | 88,824,019 | 88,685,039 | 89,076,229 | 90,005,330 | 3.7% |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Special Charges | 010 455 | 010,433 | 758,894 | 1,900,389 | 1,799,510 | 1,796,214 | 1,767,143 | 1,727,974 | 1,758,435 | 1,672,640 | 1,646,735 | 101.2% |
| City of Franklin | Tax Increment | 7 457 056 | 006'164'1 | 6,737,305 | 2,560,324 | 2,363,758 | 2,526,924 | 2,690,638 | 3,020,350 | 2,267,466 | 2,471,104 | 2,156,858 | -71.1% |
| ij | Local | 000 304 00 | 20,426,000 | 20,965,000 | 20,467,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 20,509,000 | 21,027,849 | 21,389,375 | 4.7% |
| | MMSD | | 4,574,057 | 4,718,481 | 5,188,886 | 5,582,906 | 5,638,269 | 5,955,818 | 6,145,125 | 6,354,128 | 6,519,552 | 6,650,847 | 45.4% |
| | MATC | 750 000 | 0,044,077 | 6,512,551 | 6,934,559 | 7,258,001 | 7,043,487 | 4,411,951 | 4,428,322 | 4,571,805 | 4,750,585 | 4,809,220 | -29.7% |
| | School Levy Credit | 1200 100 17 | (0,295,635) | (6,277,662) | (6,195,239) | (6,185,506) | (6,246,198) | (6,323,990) | (7,265,748) | (7,284,002) | (8,010,872) | (7,967,025) | |
| stricts | Oak Creek- Franklin | 00000 | 4,403,920 | 4,816,333 | 5,268,377 | 5,553,401 | 5,254,726 | 5,557,471 | 5,928,300 | 5,748,697 | 5,425,692 | 5,535,027 | 25.7% |
| School Districts | Whitnall | 404 | 2,424,105 | 2,404,637 | 2,208,503 | 2,237,434 | 2,174,991 | 2,285,650 | 2,223,327 | 2,224,862 | 2,346,376 | 2,349,780 | -3.1% |
| | Franklin | | 30,632,223 | 31,535,755 | 31,435,718 | 31,787,042 | 32,784,606 | 32,782,988 | 33,404,871 | 33,404,863 | 33,783,303 | 34,189,665 | 11.6% |
| | Milwaukee County | | 14,854,113 | 15,112,830 | 16,812,497 | 17,287,141 | 16,986,670 | 17,713,835 | 18,083,210 | 18,496,951 | 19,090,000 | 19,244,848 | 29.6% |
| | State of Wisconsin | | 664,000 | 622,907 | 623,904 | 598,062 | 579,423 | 609,193 | 619,289 | 632,834 | * * | * | |
| | Levy Year | | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | % increase from 2007 [.] 16 |

** In 2017 the State sunsetted its Property Tax Levy

L:\41803 VOL1 Finance\BUDGET\2019 Budget\Tax Calc\[10 yr history of levy.xlsx]Levy

City of Franklin Official Budget Appropriation Units Summary - 2019 Adopted Budget

| | | | 2018 | 2018 | | | Inc (Dec) | Change |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | 2016 | 2017 | Adopted | Amended | 2018 Fatimata | 2019 | Fr PY | to Pr Yr |
| Canaral Fund | Actual | Actual | Budget | Budget | Estimate | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted |
| General Fund Revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$16,286,597 | \$16,404,723 | \$16,909,449 | \$16,909,449 | \$16,909,000 | \$18,130,675 | \$1,221,226 | 7.2% |
| Other taxes | 361,376 | 206,069 | 223,700 | 223,700 | 226,900 | 215,800 | (7,900) | -3.5% |
| Cable TV Franchise Fee | 513,031 | 482,833 | 510,000 | 510,000 | 487,000 | 480,000 | (30,000) | -5.9% |
| Utility tax equivalent | 1,050,382 | 1,032,843 | 1,050,000 | 1,050,000 | 1,050,000 | 1,050,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total tax revenue | 18,211,386 | 18,126,468 | 18,693,149 | 18,693,149 | 18,672,900 | 19,876,475 | 1,183,326 | 6.3% |
| Intergovernmental | 2,318,825 | 2,264,961 | 2,432,926 | 2,432,926 | 2,303,380 | 1,736,127 | (696,799) | -28.6% |
| Licenses and permits | 659,312 | 769,662 | 1,040,990 | 1,040,990 | 1,131,232 | 1,038,990 | (2,000) | -0.2% |
| Penalties and forfeitures | 498,654 | 485,407 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 546,000 | 46,000 251,600 | 9.2% 13.9% |
| Charges for services | 1,452,601 | 1,603,247 | 1,805,350 196,500 | 1,805,350 196,500 | 1,871,350 193,000 | 2,056,950 207,500 | 11,000 | 5.6% |
| Intergovernmental charges | 194,805 161,281 | 172,796 189,275 | 205,000 | 205,000 | 186,000 | 265,000 | 60,000 | 29.3% |
| Interest revenue Miscellaneous revenue | 187,874 | 153,068 | 120,350 | 120,350 | 183,050 | 162,150 | 41,800 | 34.7% |
| Transfers from other funds | 107,074 | 26,950 | 120,330 | 120,000 | 0 | 59,250 | 59,250 | 0.0% |
| Total non-tax revenue | 5,473,352 | 5,665,366 | 6,301,116 | 6,301,116 | 6,368,012 | 6,071,967 | -229,149 | -3.6% |
| | | | | 24,994,265 | 25,040,912 | 25,948,442 | 954,177 | 3.8% |
| Total revenue Transfer from fund balance | 23,684,738 0 | 23,791,834 0 | 24,994,265 0 | 24,994,203 | 23,040,312 | 25,546,442 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total revenue & fb transfer | 23,684,738 | 23,791,834 | 24,994,265 | 24,994,265 | 25,040,912 | 25,948,442 | 954,177 | 3.8% |
| | 20,000,000 | | - 1, 1, | _,,, | ,, | ,_, | | |
| Expenditures: Mayor - Personnel Services | 18,500 | 18,500 | 18,482 | 18,482 | 18,482 | 18,482 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Other Services, Supplies, etc | 5,273 | 5,206 | 6,350 | 6,350 | 5,300 | 6,350 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Aldermen - Personnel Services | 47,445 | 47,439 | 47,409 | 47,409 | 47,409 | 47,409 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 22,793 | 22,231 | 24,891 | 24,891 | 22,190 | 25,191 | 300 | 1.2% |
| Municipal Court - Personnel Services | 184,729 | 183,914 | 193,929 | 193,929 | 193,887 | 186,933 | (6,996) | -3.6% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 55,794 | 69,968 | 56,900 | 56,900 | 57,670 | 58,450 | 1,550 | 2.7% |
| Clerk - Personnel Services | 288,673 | 299,862 | 320,183 | 320,183 | 318,699 | 319,569 | (614) | -0.2% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 22,916 | 26,550 | 27,200 | 27,200 | 25,650 | 27,200 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Elections - Personnel Services | 72,277 | 19,166 | 58,480 | 58,480 | 50,890 | 32,525 | (25,955) | -44.4% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 13,094 | 6,940 | 10,700 | 10,700 | 13,900 | 10,100 | (600) | -5.6% |
| Information Services - Personnel | 106,475 | 119,792 | 122,397 | 122,397 | 122,392 | 127,381 | 4,984 | 4.1% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 334,809 | 331,482 | 361,489 | 388,439 | 386,400 | 392,468 | 30,979 | 8.6% |
| Administration - Personnel Services | 282,607 | 288,416 | 297,298 | 297,298 | 296,119 | 311,278 | 13,980 | 4.7% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 104,768 | 85,575 | 137,415 | 179,415 | 124,745 | 133,475 | (3,940) | -2.9% |
| Finance - Personnel Services | 409,536 | 416,961 | 432,136 | 432,136 | 431,005 | 464,090 | 31,954 | 7.4% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 86,734 | 95,866 | 102,285 | 102,285 | 93,400 | 122,870 | 20,585 | 20.1% |
| Independent Audit | 29,545 | 37,955 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 23,750 0 | 37,025 0 | 7,025 0 | 23.4% |
| Assessor - Personnel Services | 7,735 | 240 502 | 0 226,150 | 0 226,150 | 223,900 | 229,550 | 3,400 | 1.5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc Legal Services | 223,795 310,308 | 219,593 324,065 | 342,450 | 342,450 | 323,150 | 348,650 | 6,200 | 1.8% |
| Municipal Buildings - Personnel Service | 94,319 | 125,157 | 90,543 | 90,543 | 90,323 | 97,479 | 6,936 | 7.7% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 115,935 | 110,663 | 119,015 | 119,780 | 115,800 | 117,015 | (2,000) | -1.7% |
| Insurance | 61,743 | 65,454 | 81,745 | 81,745 | 84,400 | 86,950 | 5,205 | 6.4% |
| Unclassified | 1,104 | 20,139 | 82,500 | 82,500 | 1,200 | 2,500 | (80,000) | -97.0% |
| Sub total General Government Person | 2,900,907 | 2,940,894 | 3,189,947 | 3,259,662 | 3,070,661 | 3,202,940 | 12,993 | 0.4% |
| Contingency | 9,988 | 0 | 125,000 | 63,000 | 0 | 125,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Restricted Contingency | | | 1,280,000 | 1,280,000 | 0 | 1,861,000 | 581,000 | 45.4% |
| Contingency - Personnel Services | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 81,228 | 81,228 | |
| Anticipated Un-spent appropriations | 0 | 0 | -413,320 | -413,320 | 0 | -375,320 | 38,000 | -9.2% |
| Total General Government | 2,910,895 | 2,940,894 | 4,181,627 | 4,189,342 | 3,070,661 | 4,894,848 | 713,221 | 17.1% |
| Police Department - Personnel Service | 7,891,774 | 8,376,738 | 8,729,467 | 8,729,467 | 8,846,600 | 8,887,426 | 157,959 | 1.8% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 963,615 | 1,015,551 | 1,145,420 | 1,197,497 | 1,179,717 | 1,197,800 | 52,380 | 4.6% |
| Fire Department - Personnel Services | 5,498,363 | 5,818,793 | 5,808,682 | 5,808,682 | 5,927,300 | 6,009,935 | 201,253 | 3.5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 402,073 | 404,553 | 461,560 | 461,560 | 476,600 | 505,860 | 44,300 | 9.6% |
| Public Fire Protection | 274,635 | 280,266 | 283,300 | 283,300 | 280,300 | 283,300 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Inspection Services - Personnel Servic | 727,130 | 734,076 | 830,662 | 830,662 | 786,000 | 860,216 | 29,554 | 3.6% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 22,633 | 22,779 | 29,550 | 29,574 | 27,350 | 32,050 | 2,500 | 8.5% |
| Weights and Measures | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total Public Safety | 15,787,823 | 16,660,356 | 17,296,241 | 17,348,342 | 17,531,467 | 17,784,187 | 487,946 | 2.8% |

1/2/2019 [Time] Paul Rotzenberg

| | | | 2018 | 2018 | | | Inc (Dec) | Change |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | 2016 | 2017 | Adopted | Amended | 2018 | 2019 | Fr PY | to Pr Yr |
| _ | Actual | Actual | Budget | Budget | Estimate | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted |
| Engineering - Personnel Services Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 553,393 | 519,893 | 533,967 28,700 | 533,967 28,700 | 515,250 23,850 | 612,306 30,860 | 78,339 2,160 | 14.7% 7.5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc Highway - Personnel Services | 20,389 1,718,530 | 18,610 2,261,670 | 1,732,456 | 1,732,456 | 1,725,850 | 1,736,098 | 3,642 | 0.2% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 717,689 | 719,915 | 788,620 | 807,520 | 777,450 | 833,318 | 44,698 | 5.7% |
| Solid Waste Collection | 390,000 | . 0 | Ó | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Street Lighting | 341,766 | 327,411 | 344,800 | 344,800 | 301,700 | 349,500 | 4,700 | 1.4% |
| Weed Control | 3,379 | 4,973 | 9,050 | 9,050 | 8,000 | 9,050 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total Public Works | 3,745,146 | 3,852,472 | 3,437,593 | 3,456,493 | 3,352,100 | 3,571,132 | 133,539 | 3.9% |
| Health Department - Personnel Service | 553,595 | 576,488 | 596,495 | 596,495 | 549,900 | 634,447 | 37,952 | 6.4% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 61,324 | 65,643 | 73,250 | 73,250 | 71,430 | 73,250 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Animal Control | 31,950 | 33,743 | 40,600 | 40,600 | 41,600 | 43,100 | 2,500 | 6.2% |
| Total Health & Human Services | 646,869 | 675,874 | 710,345 | 710,345 | 662,930 | 750,797 | 40,452 | 5.7% |
| Recreation | 42,314 | 44,277 | 46,000 | 46,000 | 44,500 | 46,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Parks - Personnel Services | 134,492 | 126,946 | 108,989 | 108,989 | 129,120 | 112,477 | 3,488 | 3.2% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 27,129 | 40,736 | 42,925 | 46,885 | 43,115 | 48,225 | 5,300 | 12.3% |
| Total Culture and Recreation | 203,935 | 211,959 | 197,914 | 201,874 | 216,735 | 206,702 | 8,788 | 4.4% |
| Planning - Personnel Services | 324,304 | 335,317 | 345,230 | 345,230 | 345,930 | 375,395 | 30,165 | 8.7% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 54,187 | 56,525 | 60,550 | 80,550 | 75,400 | 74,450 | 13,900 | 23.0% |
| Econ Dev - Personnel Services | 120,785 | 100,390 | 105,365 | 105,365 | 102,550 | 103,431 | (1,934) | -1.8% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 23,992 | 28,082 | 84,200 | 84,200 | 46,150 | 87,500 | 3,300 | 3.9% |
| Total Conservation/development | 523,268 | 520,314 | 595,345 | 615,345 | 570,030 | 640,776 | 45,431 | 7.6% |
| Transfers to other funds | 1,226,025 | 33,138 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250,000 | 250,000 | 0.0% |
| Total expenditures | 25,043,961 | 24,895,007 | 26,419,065 | 26,521,741 | 25,403,923 | 28,098,442 | 1,679,377 | 6.4% |
| Net Change | (1,359,223) | (1,103,173) | (1,424,800) | (1,527,476) | (363,011) | (2,150,000) | -725,200 | 50.9% |
| Beginning General Fund balance | 9,046,808 | 7,687,585 | 6,584,412 | 6,584,412 | 6,584,412 | 6,221,401 | | |
| Ending General Fund balance | 7,687,585 | 6,584,412 | 5,159,612 | 5,056,936 | 6,221,401 | 4,071,401 | | |
| Fund Balance as a percent of total expenditures | 30.70% | | 19.53% | 19.07% | 24.49% | 14.49% | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Library Fund - Tax Levy | 1,287,000 | 1,296,600 | 1,303,200 | 1,303,200 | 1,303,200 | 1,312,700 | 9,500 | 0.7% |
| Reciprocal Borrowing - Library | 93,361 | 88,601 | 75,000 | 75,000 | 75,000 | 68,000 | (7,000) | -9.3% |
| Misc Revenue - Library | 6,635 | 7,081 | 8,500 | 8,500 | 9,100 | 8,500 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Auxiliary Library Tourism | 90,758 | 68,218 211,793 | 68,500 96,800 | 68,500 96,800 | 58,800 206,100 | 70,000 226,000 | 1,500 129,200 | 2.2% 133.5% |
| Solid Waste Collection - Fees | 1,199,836 | 1,210,567 | 1,211,000 | 1,211,000 | 1,227,450 | 1,220,400 | 9,400 | 0.8% |
| Misc Revenue - Solid Waste | 410,370 | 427,620 | 426,300 | 426,300 | 420,000 | 440,300 | 14,000 | 3.3% |
| St Martin's Fair | 38,605 | 36,735 | 38,050 | 38,050 | 33,750 | 37,700 | (350) | -0.9% |
| Donations | 71,179 | 51,616 | 22,200 | 22,200 | 28,050 | 21,000 | (1,200) | -5.4% |
| Civic Celebrations | 143,003 | 153,693 | 111,000 | 111,000 | 117,400 | 119,000 | 8,000 | 7.2% 87.0% |
| Grants Total Revenues | 148,167 3,488,914 | 233,309 3,785,833 | 124,850 3,485,400 | 123,250 3,483,800 | 26,400 3,505,250 | 233,450 3,757,050 | 108,600 271,650 | 7.8% |
| Expenditures | | | - • | - | • | - | | |
| Library - Personnel Services | 942,566 | 863,441 | 933,295 | 933,295 | 913,350 | 955,268 | 21,973 | 2.4% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 479,920 | 449,912 | 453,405 | 478,405 | 454,400 | 426,848 | (26,557) | -5.9% |
| Auxiliary Library | 83,491 | 61,727 | 68,500 | 68,500 | 66,300 | 69,920 | 1,420 | 2.1% |
| Tourism | • | | 154,000 | 154,000 | - | 167,500 | 13,500 | 8.8% |
| Solid Waste - Personnel Services | 17,328 | 14,949 | 14,783 | 14,783 | 13,727 | 16,931 | 2,148 | 14.5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc St Martin's Fair | 1,522,939 44,364 | 1,560,447 52,717 | 1,562,900 52,785 | 1,562,900 52,785 | 1,588,929 49,775 | 1,632,570 50,756 | 69,670 (2,029) | 4.5% -3.8% |
| Donations | 27,525 | 78,812 | 140,516 | 157,516 | 37,000 | 88,400 | (52,116) | -37.19 |
| Civic Celebrations | 142,353 | 136,352 | 96,694 | 96,694 | 78,565 | 103,691 | 6,997 | 7.2% |
| Grants | 146,690 | 195,452 | 184,750 | 183,150 | 26,400 | 317,186 | 132,436 | 71.7% |
| Total Expenditures | 3,407,176 | 3,413,809 | 3,661,628 | 3,702,028 | 3,228,446 | 3,829,070 | 167,442 | 4.6% |
| Net Revenues (Expenditures) Fund Balance | 81,738_ | 372,024 | (176,228) | (218,228) | 276,804 | (72,020) | 104,208 | -59.1% |
| Beginning of the Year | 1,113,629 | 1,195,367 | 1,567,391 | 1,567,391 | 1,567,391 | 1,844,195 | | |
| End of the Year | 1,195,367 | 1,567,391 | 1,391,163 | 1,349,163 | 1,844,195 | 1,772,175 | | |

| | | Summar | y - 2019 Adopt | ed Budget | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 2016 Actual | 2017 Actual | 2018 Adopted Budget | 2018 Amended Budget | 2018 Estimate | 2019 Adopted | Inc (Dec) Fr PY Adopted | Change to Pr Yr Adopted |
| Sanitary Sewer Fund | Actual | Actual | Budget | Buuget | Catillate | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Metered Sales Other Revenue | 3,292,166 78,008 | 3,282,353 93,778 | 3,663,990 44,500 | 3,412,360 35,500 | 3,644,000 57,000 | 3,739,400 51,000 | 75,410 6,500 | 2.1% 14.6% |
| Total Revenues | 3,370,174 | 3,376,131 | 3,708,490 | 3,447,860 | 3,701,000 | 3,790,400 | 81,910 | 2.2% |
| Personnel Services | 473,854 | 527,153 | 462,283 | 462,283 | 468,300 | 522,996 | 60,713 | 13.1% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 2,723,278 | 2,686,347 | 3,270,525 | 3,295,275 | 2,979,400 | 3,257,250 | (13,275) | -0.4% |
| Total Expenditures | 3,197,132 | 3,213,500 | 3,732,808 | 3,757,558 | 3,447,700 | 3,780,246 | 47,438 | 1.3% |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | 173,042 | 162,631 | (24,318) | (309,698) | 253,300 | 10,154 | 34,472 | -141.8% |
| Net interest Income (Expense) nvested in Capital Assets | (96,259) (332,810) | 4,865 78,769 | (427,975) | (427,975) | (412,800) | 116,900 | 0 544,875 | -127.3% |
| Net Change in Retained Earnings | (256,027) | 246,265 | (452,293) | (737,673) | (159,500) | 127,054 | 579,347 | |
| Beginning Retained Earnings _ Ending Retained Earnings | 1,479,018 1,222,991 | 1,222,991 1,469,256 | 1,469,256 1,016,963 | 1,469,256 731,583 | 1,469,256 1,309,756 | 1,309,756 1,436,810 | | |
| Capital Expenditure Funds - Capital | | | ····· | | | | | |
| Sapital Experioliture Furius - Capital Revenue | ouday, Equipii | ioni nepiacei | nont, otreet III | ibrosciiigiit | | | | |
| Property Taxes-Capital Outlay | 437,100 | 444,300 | 450,500 | 450,500 | 450,500 | 452,800 | 2,300 | 0.5% |
| Property Taxes-Equip Replacemen | 342,600 693,500 | 348,300 704,900 | 350,000 714,700 | 350,000 714,700 | 350,000 714,700 | 175,000 | (175,000) | -50.0% -97.5% |
| Property Taxes-Street Improvement Intergovernmental Revenue | 97,300 | 704,900 7,849 | 714,700 75,000 | 714,700 75,000 | 714,700 70,396 | 18,200 705,000 | (696,500) 630,000 | -97.57 840.09 |
| Landfill Siting Revenue | 400,000 | 481,000 | 480,000 | 480,000 | 480,000 | 826,700 | 346,700 | 72.29 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 174,476 | 112,723 | 84,000 | 84,000 | 78,000 | 94,000 | 10,000 | 11.99 |
| Transfers In from Other Funds | 26,025 | 33,138 | - | 134,138 | 101,000 | 250,000 | 250,000 | #DIV/0! |
| Total Revenue | 2,171,001 | 2,132,210 | 2,154,200 | 2,288,338 | 2,244,596 | 2,521,700 | 367,500 | 17.1% |
| Capital Outlay-Equip Replacement | 581,235 | 655,454 | 295,754 | 299,754 | 329,169 | 1,196,670 | 900,916 | 304.69 |
| Capital Outlay-Capital Outlay Capital Outlay-Street Improvement | 898,726 940,546 | 677,677 815,213 | 679,214 920,000 | 952,722 920,000 | 915,431 868,200 | 1,077,945 975,000 | 398,731 55,000 | 58.7% 6.0% |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures Vet Capital Revenues (Expenditures) | 2,420,507 -249,506 | 2,148,344 -16,134 | 1,894,968 259,232 | 2,172,476 115,862 | 2,112,800 131,796 | 3,249,615 -727,915 | 1,354,647 -987,147 | 71.5% |
| Parinning Fund Palance | 2 246 764 | 2 007 255 | 2.054.424 | 2.054.424 | 2.054.424 | 2 092 047 | | |
| Beginning Fund Balance Ending Fund Balance | 3,216,761 2,967,255 | 2,967,255 2,951,121 | 2,951,121 3,210,353 | 2,951,121 3,066,983 | 2,951,121 3,082,917 | 3,082,917 2,355,002 | | |
| DEBT SERVICE FUND Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 1,500,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 2,495 | 858 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Other Financing Source: | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer from Other Funds | 170,931 0 | 113,997 | 153,816 | 153,816 | 333,000 | 203,940 | 50,124 | 32.69 |
| Transfer from Special Assessmen | | 373 | 141,896 | 141,896 | 60,000 | 36,248 | (105,648) | |
| Total Revenue Proceeds from Borrowing | 1,673,426 5,924,202 | 1,415,228 51,071 | 1,595,712 0 | 1,595,712 0 | 1,693,000 0 | 1,540,188 0 | -55,524 | -3.59 |
| Debt Service * | 7,514,380 | 1,499,737 | 1,646,783 | 1,646,783 | 1,646,783 | 1,540,188 | (106,595) | -6.5% |
| Refunded Debt Interfund Loan Payments | | | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | - | 0 | |
| Beginning of the Year | 1,258 | 84,506 | 51,068 | 51,068 | 51,068 | 97,285 | | |
| End of the Year | 84,506 | 51,068 | (3) | (3) | 97,285 | 97,285 | | |
| CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue Landfill Siting | 533,843 | 370,758 | 276,000 | 276,000 | 276,000 | 560,000 | 284,000 | 102.99 |
| Miscellaneous | -7,945 | 22,427 | 2,105,000 | 2,105,000 | -81,000 | 1,020,000 | (1,085,000) | -51.5% |
| Other (Grants, Impact Fees, etc) | 1,629,808 | 98,669 | 1,702,928 | 1,702,928 | 887,571 | 1,534,511 | (168,417) | -9.9% |
| Total Revenues | 2,155,706 | 491,854 | 4,083,928 | 4,083,928 | 1,082,571 | 3,114,511 | -969,417 | |
| Expenditures Capital Outlay | 1,128,268 | 1,003,190 | 25,754,317 | 27,064,037 | 2,026,849 | 7,973,109 | (17,781,208) | -69.0 |
| Net Revenues (Expenditures) | 1,027,438 | -511,336 | -21,670,389 | -22,980,109 | -944,278 | -4,858,598 | 16,811,791 | |
| Debt Proceeds | 0 | 1,589,558 | 5,502,000 | 5,502,000 | 0 | 2,025,000 | (3,477,000) | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 1,689,836 | 2,717,274 | 3,795,496 | 3,795,496 | 3,795,496 | 2,851,218 | | |

| | | Summai | ry - 2019 Adop | ted Budget | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 Adopted | 2018 Amended | 2018 Estimate | 2019 | Inc (Dec) Fr PY | Change to Pr Yi |
| | Actual | Actual | Budget | Budget | Estimate | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted |
| DEVELOPMENT FUND | | | | | | | | |
| mpact Fees Other Income | 582,597 33,343 | 281,413 40,848 | 644,095 44,567 | 644,095 44,567 | 1,236,000 60,000 | 1,092,500 60,000 | 448,405 15,433 | 69.6° 34.6° |
| Total Revenues | 615,940 | 322,261 | 688,662 | · | 1,296,000 | 1,152,500 | 463,838 | |
| Total Nevenues | 010,540 | 022,201 | | 000,002 | | 1,102,000 | 100,000 | |
| Fransfer to Debt Service | 170,931 | 113,997 | 454,450 | 454,450 | 268,100 | 454,450 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Fransfer to Capital Improvement Other | 212,224 25,878 | 661 99,665 | 1,572,350 1,010,000 | 1,572,350 513,321 | 220,000 10,000 | 384,511 1,020,000 | (1,187,839) 10,000 | -75.5 1.0 |
| Juderexpenditure | 25,676 | 99,000 | 10,000 | 13,321 | 10,000 | 1,020,000 | 10,000 | 1.0 |
| otal Expenditures | 409,033 | 214,323 | 3,046,800 | 2,553,442 | 498,100 | 1,858,961 | -1,177,839 | |
| let Revenues (Expenditures) | 206,907 | 107,938 | -2,358,138 | -1,864,780 | 797,900 | -706,461 | 1,641,677 | |
| | • | | | | | | 1,041,077 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance Ending Fund Balance | 3,851,653 4,058,560 | 4,058,560 4,166,498 | 4,166,498 1,808,360 | 4,166,498 2,301,718 | 4,166,498 4,964,398 | 4,964,398 4,257,937 | | |
| - | .,, | | *************************************** | ,, | -, -, | | | |
| ITILITY DEVELOPMENT FUND /ater Revenues | \$ 133,982 \$ | 68,978 | \$ 81,600 | \$ 81,600 | \$ 82,600 | \$ 30,400 | (51,200) | -62.7 |
| ewer Revenues | 136,985 | 74,559 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 152,000 | 64,200 | (35,800) | -35.8 |
| Other Revenues | 46,220 | 45,651 | 34,000 | 34,000 | 51,500 | 27,900 | (6,100) | -17.9 |
| Total Revenues | 317,187 | 189,188 | 215,600 | 215,600 | 286,100 | 122,500 | (93,100) | -43. |
| /ater Transfers Out | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 0 | 500,000 | 0 | 0.0 |
| ewer Transfers Out | 0 | 0 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 0 | 500,000 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 1 222 222 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Expenditures | 0 | 0 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 0 | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0.0 |
| et Revenue (Expenditures) | 317,187 | 189,188 | -784,400 | -784,400 | 286,100 | -877,500 | (93,100) | |
| eginning Fund Balance | 907,004 | 1,224,191 | 1,413,379 | 1,325,332 | 1,325,332 | 1,611,432 | | |
| inding Fund Balance | \$ 1,224,191 | 1,413,379 | \$ 628,979 | \$ 540,932 | \$ 1,611,432 | \$ 733,932 | | |
| TID #3 | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 1,730,642 \$ | | \$ 1,384,100 | \$ 1,384,100 | \$ 1,381,200 | \$ 1,180,900 | (203,200) | -14. |
| intergovernmental Revenue | 355,862 | 458,196 | 584,400 | 584,400 | 464,931 | 479,831 | (104,569) | -17. |
| Investment & Other | 126,280 | 23,049 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 20,250 | 25,000 | 20,000 | 400. |
| Total Revenue | 2,212,784 | 1,734,820 | 1,973,500 | 1,973,500 | 1,866,381 | 1,685,731 | (287,769) | -14. |
| xpenditures | 4 025 944 | 4 404 076 | 0.650 | 4 204 462 | 20 650 | 440 475 | 407 525 | |
| Capital Outlay Other | 1,035,841 10,520 | 1,401,976 10,220 | 2,650 5,010,220 | 1,381,463 5,010,220 | 30,650 948,783 | 110,175 4,592,440 | 107,525 (417,780) | -8. |
| Principal | 10,320 | 1,675,000 | 985,000 | 985,000 | 985,000 | 4,552,440 | (985,000) | -0. |
| Interest | 62,789 | 74,152 | 97,209 | 97,209 | 15,199 | 61,500 | (35,709) | -36. |
| otal Expenditures | 1,109,150 | 3,161,348 | 6,095,079 | 7,473,892 | 1,979,632 | 4,764,115 | (1,330,964) | -21. |
| let Revenues | 1,103,634 | (1,426,528) | (4,121,579) | (5,500,392) | (113,251) | (3,078,384) | 1,043,195 | |
| oan Proceeds | - | - | 5,013,000 | 5,013,000 | - | 3,450,000 | (1,563,000) | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 996,460 | 1,341,405 | (85,123) | (85,123) | (85,123) | (198,374) | | |
| inding Fund Balance | \$ 2,037,805 | (85,123) | \$ 806,298 | \$ (572,515) | \$ (198,374) | | | |
| nterfund Advances Due | 550,000 | | 50,000 | 50,000 | 0 | 0 | | |
| TID #4 | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 1,380,915 \$ | 1,162,065 | \$ 1,151,600 | \$ 1,151,600 | \$ 1,192,200 | 1,156,400 | 4,800 | 0.4 |
| intergovernmental Revenue | 18,043 | 15,960 | 14,700 | 14,700 | 14,700 | 19,700 | 5,000 | 34. |
| Investment & Other | -5,035 | 18,283 | 10,015,000 | 10,015,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | (9,995,000) | -99. |
| Total Revenue | 1,393,923 | 1,196,308 | 11,181,300 | 11,181,300 | 1,226,900 | 1,196,100 | (9,985,200) | -89. |
| xpenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 0 | 0 | 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 | 1,250,000 | 8,000,000 | (4,000,000) | |
| Other | 12,505 | 32,591 | 1,220,500 | 1,271,693 | 102,350 | 39,850 | (1,180,650) | -96. |
| Interest | 920 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 113,750 | 113,750 | |
| otal Expenditures | 13,425 | 32,591 | 13,220,500 | 13,271,693 | 1,352,350 | 8,153,600 | (5,066,900) | -38. |
| let Revenues | 1,380,498 | 1,163,717 | -2,039,200 | | -125,450 | -6,957,500 | (4,918,300) | |
| oan Proceeds | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,925,000 | 4,925,000 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | (138,216) | 1,242,282 | 2,405,999 | 2,405,999 | 2,405,999 | 2,280,549 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ 1,242,282 | 2,405,999 | \$ 366,799 | \$ 315,606 | \$ 2,280,549 | \$ 248,049 | | |

| | | Summai | y - 2019 Adopt | ted Budget | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 2016 Actual | 2017 Actual | 2018 Adopted Budget | 2018 Amended Budget | 2018 Estimate | 2019 Adopted | Inc (Dec) Fr PY Adopted | Change to Pr Yr Adopted |
| TID #5 | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | *** *** | *** *** | *** *** | 404 500 | 4 400 | |
| Taxes | \$0 | \$0 | \$30,100 | \$30,100 | \$30,500 0 | \$31,500 400 | 1,400 100 | |
| intergovernmental Revenue Investment & Other | 0 | 0 | 300 0 | 300 0 | 138,724 | 25,000 | 25,000 | |
| | | | | | | | • | |
| Total Revenue | 0 | 0 | 30,400 | 30,400 | 169,224 | 56,900 | 26,500 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | 17,351 | 0 | 17,513,382 | 17,513,382 | 14,875,000 | 0 | (17,513,382) | |
| Other | 34,495 | 47,028 | 72,400 | 101,141 | 4,075,980 | 4,030,700 | 3,958,300 | |
| Principal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 | |
| Interest | 0 | 0 | 254,813 | 254,813 | 227,520 | 775,810 | 520,997 | |
| Total Expenditures | 51,846 | 47,028 | 17,840,595 | 17,869,336 | 19,178,500 | 14,806,510 | (3,034,085) | |
| Net Revenues | -51,846 | -47,028 | -17,810,195 | -17,838,936 | -19,009,276 | -14,749,610 | 3,060,585 | |
| Loan Proceeds Transfers In Transfers Out | 0 | 0 | 18,321,000 | 18,321,000 | 23,304,968 | 9,900,000 | (8,421,000) | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | (51,846) | (98,874) | (98,874) | (98,874) | 4,196,818 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ (51,846) | | | \$ 383,190 | \$ 4,196,818 | \$ (652,792) | | |
| INTERNAL SERVICE FUND (75) Self Insurance | | | | | | | | |
| Medical Premium | \$ 2,888,640 | | \$ 3,014,400 | . , , | \$ 3,014,000 | \$ 3,479,725 | 465,325 | 15.4% |
| Dental Premiums | 166,818 | 166,233 | 181,300 | 181,300 | 171,500 | 172,675 | (8,625) | -4.8% |
| Investment Income | 31,196 | 29,588 | 18,300 | 18,300 | 192,000 | 30,000 | 11,700 | 63.9% |
| Total Revenue | 3,086,654 | 3,064,670 | 3,214,000 | 3,214,000 | 3,377,500 | 3,682,400 | 468,400 | 14.6% |
| Medical Claims | 2,348,503 | 2,476,422 | 2,376,800 | 2,376,800 | 2,489,000 | 2,833,650 | 456,850 | 19.2% |
| Prescriptioin Drug Claims | 310,647 | 299,409 | 0 | 0 | 335,000 | 0 | 0 | #DIV/0! |
| Stop Loss Premiums | 648,325 | 677,598 | 664,000 | 664,000 | 577,500 | 667,300 | 3,300 | 0.5% |
| All other costs | 305,513 | 273,126 | 251,500 | 251,500 | 236,000 | 323,350 | 71,850 | 28.6% |
| Dental Claims | 189,473 | 197,994 | 183,500 | 183,500 | 215,225 | 192,675 | 9,175 | 5.0% |
| Restricted Contingency | 0 | 0 | 528,000 | 528,000 | 0 | 0 | (528,000) | -100.0% |
| Total Expenditures | 3,802,461 | 3,924,549 | 4,003,800 | 4,003,800 | 3,852,725 | 4,016,975 | 13,175 | 0.3% |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | -715,807 | -859,879 | -789,800 | -789,800 | -475,225 | -334,575 | 455,225 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 3,461,882 | 2,746,075 | 1,886,196 | 1,886,196 | 1,886,196 | 1,410,971 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ 2,746,075 | \$ 1,886,196 | \$ 1,096,396 | \$ 1,096,396 | \$ 1,410,971 | \$ 1,076,396 | | |

CITY OF FRANKLIN AUTHORIZED POSITIONS - FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS

| DEPARTMENT | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| MUNICIPAL COURT | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.50 |
| CLERK | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 4.12 | 4.12 | 4.12 | 4.12 | 4.12 | 4.14 |
| INFORMATION SERVICES | 00.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| ADMINISTRATON & HUMAN RESOURCES | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| FINANCE | 7.10 | 7.03 | 7.10 | 7.10 | 09.9 | 9.60 | 6.60 | 9.60 | 09.9 | 6.79 |
| ASSESSOR | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 00.00 | 0.00 |
| MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS | 3.92 | 3.92 | 3.74 | 3.74 | 2.78 | 4.03 | 4.03 | 4.03 | 4.03 | 4.05 |
| TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT | 21.62 | 21.55 | 21.48 | 21.48 | 21.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 21.25 | 21.25 | 21.48 |
| POLICE (c) | 61.25 | 61.25 | 60.75 | 60.75 | 60.75 | 61.75 | 61.75 | 61.75 | 61.75 | 61.75 |
| DISPATCH | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| FIRE | 46.45 | 46.48 | 46.45 | 46.50 | 46.50 | 46.50 | 46.50 | 46.00 | 46.00 | 46.50 |
| BUILDING INSPECTION | 8.00 | 8.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.30 | 8.30 | 9.60 |
| TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY | 131.70 | 131.73 | 130.20 | 129.25 | 129.25 | 131.25 | 131.25 | 131.05 | 131.05 | 132.85 |
| ENGINEERING (a) | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.25 |
| HIGHWAY (b) | 21.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 23.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 |
| PARKS | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.80 |
| TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS | 31.25 | 32.25 | 32.25 | 32.25 | 32.25 | 32.25 | 33.25 | 32.25 | 32.25 | 32.05 |
| PUBLIC HEALTH | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.15 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.95 | 7.05 |
| PLANNING | 2.00 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.58 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND | 195.72 | 196.68 | 194.08 | 193.13 | 193.83 | 197.25 | 198.25 | 196.30 | 196.50 | 198.43 |
| PUBLIC HEALTH - GRANT | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.75 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| LIBRARY | 17.12 | 17.12 | 16.82 | 17.70 | 17.02 | 16.94 | 16.94 | 16.68 | 15.57 | 15.47 |
| SEWER & WATER | 12.55 | 11.55 | 11.55 | 11.55 | 11.55 | 11.55 | 10.80 | 10.80 | 10.80 | 11.80 |
| TOTAL | 225.39 | 225.35 | 222.45 | 222.38 | 222.40 | 225.74 | 225.99 | 224.53 | 223.87 | 226.70 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

⁽a) - Engineering Tech IV position funded only for six months of 2018

⁽b) - Heavy Equipment Operator position unfunded for 2018

⁽c) - Funding was included to support the city required portion of a COPS Grant if the City receives this grant

July 2018 Salary Ranges (2% increase)

| | | JFA | | | |
|---|--|-------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Position Title | Grade | Total | Minimum Pay | Market Rate | Maximum Pay |
| Executive and Management | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Director of Administration | 14 | 810 | \$94,455 | \$115,943 | \$127,513 |
| Fire Chief | (790 pts and above) | 795 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Police Chief | | 795 | , | | , |
| | • | | | | • |
| Assistant Fire Chief | 13 | 770 | \$87,865 | \$107,855 | \$118,619 |
| City Engineer/DPW Director | (750 to 785 pts) | 755 | | | |
| Police Inspector | | 755 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Battalion Chief | 12 | 730 | \$81,735 | \$100,330 | \$110,343 |
| Captain of Police | (710 to 745 pts) | 730 | | | |
| Director of Finance and Treasurer | | 725 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Director of Clerk Services | 11 | 705 | \$76,033 | \$93,330 | \$102,644 |
| Director of Health and Human Services | (670 to 705 pts) | 680 | | | , |
| Library Director | | 680 | | | |
| Information Services Director | | 680 | | | |
| Economic Development Director | | 670 | | | |
| Supervisory and Advanced Technical | | | | | |
| Building Inspector | 10 | 665 | \$70,841 | \$85,806 | \$93,864 |
| Sewer & Water Superintendent | (615 to 665 pts) | 665 | | | , |
| Assistant City Engineer | | 635 | | | |
| Planning Manager | | 630 | | | |
| Department of Public Works Superintendent | | 615 | | | |
| | T | | 465.000 | 4=0.000 | 407.016 |
| Emergency Services Communication Supervisor | 9 | 585 | \$65,899 | \$79,820 | \$87,316 |
| Police Sergeant | (560 to 610 pts) | 570 | \$79,328 | \$84,520 | \$87,316 |
| Principal Planner | | 570 | | | |
| Public Health Nurse Supervisor | | 565 | | | |
| Project Engineer | | 560 | | | |
| Electrical Inspector | 8 | 550 | \$61,301 | \$74,251 | \$81,224 |
| Plumbing Inspector | (505 to 555 pts) | 550 | , , | | . , |
| First Assistant Building Inspector | (222 22 22 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 | 545 | | | |
| Adult Services Librarian/Assistant Director | - | 540 | | , | |
| Human Resources Coordinator | | 520 | · | • • • • | |
| Assistant Superintendent of Public Works | | 510 | | | |
| Accounting Supervisor | | 505 | | | |
| Engineering Tech IV | | 505 | | * | |
| | | | | | |
| Deputy Treasurer | 7 | 485 | \$57,024 | \$69,071 | \$75,558 |
| Assistant Building Inspector | (450 to 500 pts) | 470 | | | |
| Building Maintenance Superintendent | 1 | 460 | | | |
| Sanitarian | | 460 | | , | |
| Engineering Tech III | | 455 | | | |
| Library Circulation Supervisor | | 455 | | | |
| Mechanic I | | 455 | | | |
| Associate Planner | 1 | 455 | | | |
| Public Health Nurse | | 455 | | ************************************** | |
| | - | l | | | T |

July 2018 Salary Ranges (2% increase)

| Administrative and Technical | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|----------|-------------|
| Residential Bulding Inspector | 6 | 445 | \$51,864 | \$61,978 | \$67,424 |
| Sewer & Water Operator II | (415 to 445 pts) | 440 | • | | |
| Lead Dispatcher | | 435 | | | |
| Court Administrative Assistant | 7 | 435 | 2-00 | | |
| Deputy City Clerk | | 420 | | | |
| Reference Librarian | | 420 | | | - |
| Youth Reference/Young Adult Librarian | | 420 | | | |
| Community Drug Free Coalition Coordinator | | 420 | | | |
| Engineering Tech II | | 415 | * | | |
| Dispatcher | 5 | 410 | \$48,247 | \$57,655 | \$62,721 |
| Heavy Equipment Operator | (380 to 410 pts) | 410 | +/ | , , | , |
| Community Fire Prevention Specialist | (000 10 100 p10) | 400 | | | |
| Sewer & Water Operator I | | 395 | | | |
| Inspection Permit Clerk | | 395 | | | |
| Assistant Mechanic | | 390 | | | |
| Accountant | | 385 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Light Equipment Operator | 4 | 375 | \$44,880 | \$53,632 | \$58,344 |
| Confidential Police Administrative Assistant | (345 to 375 pts) | 370 | | | **** |
| Confidential Fire Administrative Assistant | | 370 | • | | |
| Deputy Court Administrative Assistant | | 370 | | | |
| Sewer & Water Technician | | 370 | | | |
| Administrative/Project Assistant | | 365 | hate with the second | | |
| Program and Outreach Coordinator | | 365 | | | |
| Assistant Planner | | 355 | | | |
| Clerical and Support Staff | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| Administrative Assistant (DPW) | 3 | 335 | \$39,662 | \$47,396 | \$51,560 |
| Administrative Assistant (Engineering) | (310 to 340 pts) | 335 | | | |
| Administrative Clerk (Clerks) | | 335 | | | |
| Municipal Court Clerk | | 325 | | | |
| Assessor Clerk | | 325 | | 44-4479 | |
| Account Clerk | | 315 | | | |
| Administrative Clerk (Health) | | 315 | | | |
| Maintenance Custodian | | 315 | | | |
| Secretary (Building) | 2 | 305 | \$36,895 | \$44,089 | \$47,962 |
| Library Assistant | (275 to 305 pts) | 300 | | | |
| Secretary (Planning) | | 300 | | | |
| Finance Clerk | | 290 | | | |
| Secretary (Clerk) | | 290 | | | |
| Lead Cashier | | 285 | | | |
| Clerk Typist | | 275 | | | |
| Cochior/Clark | 1 | 270 | \$34,320 | \$41,012 | \$44,616 |
| Cashier/Clerk | | 270 | 734,320 | V-1,012 | Ç-1-1,010 |
| Library Administrative Aide | (240 to 270 pts) | 235 | | | |
| Custodian | | 235 | | | _ |
| Police Utility Clerk | | 233 | | | ļ |

STATE OF WISCONSIN: CITY OF FRANKLIN: MILWAUKEE COUNTY

ORDINANCE NO. 2018-2345

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING THE 2019 ANNUAL BUDGETS FOR THE GENERAL, CIVIC CELEBRATIONS, ST MARTIN'S FAIR, DONATIONS, GRANT, SOLID WASTE COLLECTION, SANITARY SEWER, CAPITAL OUTLAY, EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT, STREET IMPROVEMENT, CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT, DEBT SERVICE, DEVELOPMENT, UTILITY DEVELOPMENT, TID 3, TID 4, TID 5 AND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AND ESTABLISHING THE TAX LEVY AND OTHER REVENUE FOR THE CITY OF FRANKLIN AND ESTABLISHING THE SOLID WASTE FEE

WHEREAS, the Committee of the Whole has reviewed and amended, where desired, the 2019 Mayor's Recommended Budgets for the General, Civic Celebrations, St Martin's Fair, Donations, Grant, Solid Waste Collection, Sanitary Sewer, Capital Outlay, Equipment Replacement, Street Improvement, Capital Improvement, Debt Service, Development, Utility Development, TID 3, TID 4, TID 5 and Internal Service Funds for the City of Franklin; and

WHEREAS, debt incurred and anticipated has 2019 required repayments for TID 3, TID4, TID 5, Debt Service and the Sanitary Sewer Funds; and

WHEREAS, the 2019 Proposed Budget recommended by the Committee of the Whole includes property taxes of \$21,389,375 that are levied to support the 2019 Annual Budget with a resulting City tax rate of approximately \$5.434 with the Common Council concurring in the need and with the final rate being the mathematical result of statutory property tax billing process, including, but not limited to, inclusion of the required state adjustment for equalization; and

WHEREAS, for the purposes, in part, of accounting detail, transparency of governmental actions and intent, efficiency of operations, and enhanced record keeping, the 2019 Proposed Budget document and format provides greater detail and categorization of anticipated expenditures than required by Wisconsin Statutes §65.90, which provides that "all proposed appropriations for each department, activity and reserve account" shall be listed in the budget; and, therefore, expenditure appropriation unit amounts are itemized and, entitled "Official Budget Appropriation Units," while the remaining pages of the document provide supplemental information for informational purposes as earlier noted; and

WHEREAS, a Public Notice of the 2019 Proposed Budget appeared in the South Now on October 24, 2018; and

WHEREAS, a Public Hearing was held by the Common Council on November 13, 2018, regarding the 2019 Proposed Budget.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Common Council of the City of Franklin does hereby ordain as follows:

Fund of \$1,660,700, for the Capital Outlay Fund of \$603,000, for the Equipment Replacement Fund of \$435,700, for the Street Improvement Fund of \$837,000, for the Capital Improvement Fund of \$3,114,511, for the Development Fund of \$1,152,500, for the Utility Development Fund of \$122,500, for the TID 3 Fund of \$1,685,731, for the TID 4 Fund of \$1,196,100, for TID 5 Fund of \$56,900, and for the Internal Service Fund of \$3,682,400 for City purposes, totaling \$22,775,959, are adopted as the annual revenue budgets for other than property taxes for the City of Franklin for fiscal year 2019.

- Section 6 That additional revenue of \$20,600,000 in the form of new debt is required with \$2,100,000 in the Capital Improvement Fund, \$3,500,000 in TID 3 Fund, \$5,000,000 in TID 4 Fund, and \$10,000,000 in TID 5 Fund less debt issuance costs totaling \$300,000 required to fund expenditures.
- Section 7 That transfers into the Civic Celebrations Fund of \$13,000, the St. Martin's Fair Fund of \$11,000, the Debt Service Fund of \$240,188, the Capital Outlay Fund of \$250,000, the Capital Improvement Fund of \$1,384,511, for a total of \$1,648,699, are adopted as the annual transfers in as contained in the budget for the City of Franklin for fiscal year 2019.
- Section 8 That the 2019 Solid Waste Collection Fund fee is \$106.95 for each property eligible to receive the solid waste collection service.
- Section 9 That the Capital Improvement Fund expenditure appropriation, excluding the Contingency allocation, shall be administered as if adopted on a "per project" basis, and unless otherwise requiring a statutorily executed budget modification, a modification of the appropriation's administrative allocation between or to projects is subject to authorization by at least a two-thirds majority of the Common Council in the form of a budget modification, which, as an internal administrative process, does not initiate publication requirements.
- Section 10 That the single expenditure appropriation for "Contingency" within the General Fund shall be administered for City purposes as if adopted as distinct appropriations for \$1,900,000 "Restricted" and \$125,000 "Unrestricted" contingency budgets as shown within the "Unclassified, Contingency, and Anticipated Under Spending" budget detail, with "Restricted" contingency appropriations not authorized for direct expenditure and requiring a budget modification approved by two-thirds of the Common Council, interpreted consistent with statutes, moving the appropriation to "Unrestricted" contingency or another valid appropriation unit prior to or in conjunction with any spending authorization.
- Section 11 That the single expenditure appropriation for "Contingency" within the Capital Outlay Fund shall be administered as if adopted as distinct appropriations for \$250,000 "Restricted" and \$150,000 "Unrestricted" contingency budgets as

- Section 1 That the 2019 Expenditure Budgets, summarized herein, for the General Fund as \$28,098,442, for Civic Celebrations Fund as \$103,691, for the St Martin's Fair Fund as \$50,756, for Donations Fund as \$88,400, for Grant Funds as \$317,186, for the Solid Waste Collection Fund as \$1,649,501, for the Capital Outlay Fund as \$1,077,945, for the Equipment Replacement Fund as \$1,196,670, for the Street Improvement Fund as \$975,000, for the Debt Service Fund as \$1,540,188, for City purposes totaling \$35,097,779, for Sanitary Sewer Fund Operating Expenditure Budget as \$3,780,246, for the Capital Improvement Fund for projects having Common Council approval as \$5,183,109, for the Capital Improvement Fund for budgetary appropriation for projects awaiting Common Council approval as \$2,790,000, for the Development Fund as \$1,858,961, for the Utility Development Fund as \$1,000,000, for TID 3 Fund as \$4,764,115, for TID 4 Fund as \$8,228,600, for TID 5 Fund as \$14,806,510, and for Internal Service Fund as \$4,016,975, with expenditure appropriation unit amounts as set forth on the tables entitled "Official Budget Appropriation Units" (which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference) and as set forth by department, activity, and reserve account (all as maintained by the City in a multiple-fund accounting structure) are adopted as the annual expenditure budgets for the City of Franklin for fiscal year 2019.
- Section 2 The Sanitary Sewer Fund includes 2019 capital additions of \$274,500 and debt service of \$1,692,163, with revenues of \$3,790,400 and operating expenditures of \$3,780,246.
- Section 3 Debt payments of \$1,540,188 in the Debt Service Fund, \$61,500 in TID 3, \$113,750 in TID 4, and \$10,775,810 in TID 5, and in the Sanitary Sewer fund of \$1,692,163, are adopted as annual required payments for those respective funds for fiscal year 2019.
- Section 4 That the 2019 property taxes used to support the General Fund of \$18,130,675, the Library Fund of \$1,312,700, the Capital Outlay Fund of \$452,800, the Equipment Replacement Fund of \$175,000, the Street Improvement Fund of \$18,200, and the Debt Service Fund of \$1,300,000 for City purposes, totaling \$21,389,375, are levied and adopted as the annual property tax levies for fiscal year 2019 with a resulting City tax rate of approximately \$5.434 per thousand assessed value with the final rate being the mathematical result of statutory property tax billing process, including, but not limited to, inclusion of the required state adjustment for equalization.
- Section 5 That the 2019 Revenue Budgets, other than non-TID property taxes and debt proceeds, for the General Fund of \$7,817,767, for the Civic Celebrations Fund of \$119,000, for the St. Martin's Fair Fund of \$37,700, for the Donations Fund of \$21,000, for the Grant Funds of \$233,450, for the Solid Waste Collection

shown within the "Unclassified, Contingency, and Anticipated Under Spending" budget detail, and Unrestricted Contingency Appropriations of \$75,000 in Municipal Buildings, \$79,000 in Police, \$11,000 in Highway and \$2,000 in Parks. The "Restricted" contingency appropriations are not authorized for direct expenditure and require a budget modification approved by two-thirds of the Common Council, interpreted consistent with statutes, moving the appropriation to "Unrestricted" contingency or another valid appropriation unit prior to or in conjunction with any spending authorization.

- Section 12 That the Capital Outlay Fund expenditure appropriation shall be administered as if adopted on the department/division basis, (except the Information Services Department shall also include all planned computer and computer-related expenditures distributed and assigned, in whole or in part and for accounting purposes, to various other departments), and unless otherwise requiring a statutorily executed budget modification, a modification of the appropriation's administrative allocation between departments and changes, valued in excess of \$5,000, in the departmental list of capital items or quantity of items to be purchased are subject to authorization by the Common Council.
- Section 13 That the Grant Funds appropriation units shall be segregated into Health (Health Department) and Other (all other Departments), with each having a single appropriation unit comprising their respective Personnel Services; Other Services, Supplies, etc.; and Capital Outlay expenditures.
- Section 14 That the Capital Improvement Fund shall include a 2019 appropriation of \$1,775,000 toward an "Approved Project" titled "City Hall Roof, HVAC, and Fascia Wood Replacement Project."
- Section 15 That the Finance Department and Director of Administration shall cause to be published and made available a "City of Franklin 2019 Annual Budget" document that 1) incorporates the proposed budget as presented in the public hearing notice, including any additional changes as provided for herein; 2) incorporates the necessary and corresponding changes to the budget document text and tables as initially set forth in the Mayor's Recommended Budget document; 3) removes supplemental pages from the preliminary document that were incorporated for review; and 4) incorporates the 2019 Annual Budgets of the Library Fund, the Auxiliary Library Fund, the Tourism Commission Fund, and the Water Utility Fund as adopted by their respective boards.
- Section 16 The terms and provisions of this Ordinance are severable. Should any term or provision of this Ordinance be found to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, or otherwise be legally invalid or fail under the applicable rules of law to take effect and be in force, the remaining terms and provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

ORD 2018-2345 Annual 2019 Budget Page 5

Introduced at a special meeting of the Common Council of the City of Franklin this 13th day of November, 2018 by Alderman Barber.

Passed and adopted at a special meeting of the Common Council of the City of Franklin this 13th day of November, 2018.

APPROVED:

Stephen R O son, Mayor

ATTEST:

Sandra L. Wesolowski, City Clerk

AYES 5 NOES 0 ABSENT 1 (Ald. Dandrea)

City of Franklin Official Budget Appropriation Units Summary - 2019 Adopted Budget

| | | | 2018 | 2018 | | *** | inc (Dec) | Change |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | 2016 | 2017 | Adopted | Amended | 2018 Estimato | 2019 Adopted | Fr PY | to Pr Yr |
| | Actual | Actual | Budget | Budget | Estimate | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted |
| General Fund Revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$16,286,597 | \$16,404,723 | \$16,909,449 | \$16,909,449 | \$16,909,000 | \$18,130,675 | \$1,221,226 | 7.2% |
| Other taxes | 361,376 | 206,069 | 223,700 | 223,700 | 226,900 | 215,800 | (7,900) | -3.5% |
| Cable TV Franchise Fee | 513,031 | 482,833 | 510,000 | 510,000 | 487,000 | 480,000 | (30,000) | -5.9% |
| Utility tax equivalent | 1,050,382 | 1,032,843 | 1,050,000 | 1,050,000 | 1,050,000 | 1,050,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total tax revenue | 18,211,386 | 18,126,468 | 18,693,149 | 18,693,149 | 18,672,900 | 19,876,475 | 1,183,328 | 6.3% |
| intergovernmental | 2,318,825 | 2,264,961 | 2,432,926 | 2,432,926 | 2,303,380 | 1,736,127 | (696,799) | -28,6% |
| Licenses and permits | 659,312 | 769,662 | 1,040,990 | 1,040,990 | 1,131,232 | 1,038,990 | (2,000) | -0.2% |
| Penalties and forfeitures | 498,654 | 485,407 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 546,000 | 46,000 | 9.2% |
| Charges for services | 1,452,601 | 1,603,247 | 1,805,350 | 1,805,350 | 1,871,350 | 2,058,950 | 251,600 | 13.9% 5.6% |
| Intergovernmental charges | 194,805 | 172,796 | 196,500 | 196,600 205,000 | 193,000 186,000 | 207,500 265,000 | 11,000 60,000 | 29.3% |
| Interest revenue | 181,281 187,874 | 189,275 163,068 | 205,000 120,350 | 120,350 | 183,050 | 162,150 | 41,800 | 34.7% |
| Miscellaneous revenue Transfers from other funds | 101,014 | 26,950 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59,250 | 59,250 | 0.0% |
| Total non-tax revenue | 5,473,352 | 5,665,366 | 6,301,116 | 6,301,116 | 6,368,012 | 6,071,967 | -229,149 | -3.6% |
| | | 23,791,834 | 24,994,265 | 24,994,265 | 25,040,912 | 25,948,442 | 954,177 | 3.8% |
| Total revenue Transfer from fund balance | 23,684,738 0 | 23,791,034 | 24,884,200 0 | 24,554,265 | 20,040,512 | 23,840,442 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total revenue & fb transfer | 23,684,738 | 23,791,834 | 24,994,265 | 24,994,265 | 25,040,912 | 25,948,442 | 954,177 | 3.8% |
| | 20,004,700 | 20,701,041 | _ ,, ,, | | ,,- ·,- · | ,, | | |
| Expenditures: Mayor - Personnel Services | 18,500 | 18,500 | 18,482 | 18,482 | 18,482 | 18,482 | q | 0.0% |
| Other Services, Supplies, etc | 5,273 | 5,206 | 6,350 | 6,350 | 5,300 | 6,350 | a | 0.0% |
| Aldermen - Personnel Services | 47,445 | 47,439 | 47,409 | 47,409 | 47,409 | 47,409 | a | 0.0% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 22,793 | 22,231 | 24,891 | 24,891 | 22,190 | 25,191 | 300 | 1.2% |
| Municipal Court - Personnel Services | 184,729 | 183,914 | 193,929 | 193,929 | 193,887 | 186,933 | (6,996) | -3.6% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 55,794 | 69,968 | 66,900 | 56,900 | 57,670 | 58,450 | 1,550 | 2.7% |
| Clerk - Personnel Services | 288,673 | 299,862 | 320,183 | 320,183 | 318,699 | 319,569 | (614) | -0.2% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 22,916 | 26,550 | 27,200 | 27,200 | 25,650 | 27,200 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Elections - Personnel Services | 72,277 | 19,166 | 58,480 | 58,480 | 50,890 | 32,525 | (25,955) | -44.4% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 13,094 | 6,940 | 10,700 | 10,700 | 13,900 | 10,100 | (600) | -5.6% |
| Information Services - Personnel | 108,475 | 119,792 | 122,397 | 122,397 | 122,392 | 127,381 | 4,984 30,979 | 4.1% 8,6% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 334,809 | 331,482 | 361,489 | 388,439 | 386,400 296, 1 19 | 392,468 311,278 | 13,980 | 4.7% |
| Administration - Personnel Services | 282,607 | 288,416 85,575 | 297,298 137,415 | 297,298 179,415 | 124,745 | 133,475 | (3,940) | -2.9% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 104,768 409,536 | 416,961 | 432,136 | 432,136 | 431,005 | 464,090 | 31,954 | 7.4% |
| Finance - Personnel Services Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 86,734 | 95,866 | 102,285 | 102,285 | 93,400 | 122,870 | 20,685 | 20.1% |
| Independent Audit | 29,545 | 37,955 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 23,750 | 37,025 | 7,025 | 23.4% |
| Assessor - Personnel Services | 7,735 | 0,,555 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 223,795 | 219,593 | 226,150 | 226,150 | 223,900 | 229,550 | 3,400 | 1.5% |
| Legal Services | 310,308 | 324,065 | 342,450 | 342,450 | 323,150 | 348,650 | 6,200 | 1.8% |
| Municipal Buildings - Personnel Service | 94,319 | 125,157 | 90,543 | 90,543 | 90,323 | 97,479 | 6,936 | 7.7% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 116,935 | 110,663 | 119,015 | 119,780 | 115,800 | 117,015 | (2,000) | -1.7% |
| Insurance | 61,743 | 65,454 | 81,745 | 81,745 | 84,400 | 86,950 | 5,205 | 6.4% |
| Unclassified | 1,104 | 20,139 | 82,500 | 82,500 | 1,200 | 2,500 | (80,000) | -97.0% |
| Sub total General Government Person | 2,900,907 | 2,940,894 | 3,189,947 | 3,259,662 | 3,070,661 | 3,202,940 | 12,993 | 0.4% |
| Contingency | 9,988 | 0 | 125,000 | 63,000 | 0 | 125,000 | 0 584 000 | 0.0% 45.4% |
| Restricted Contingency | | | 1,280,000 | 1,280,000 | 0 | 1,861,000 | 681,000 94,338 | 40.476 |
| Contingency - Personnel Services Anticipated Un-spent appropriations | 0 | 0 | 0 -413,320 | 0 -413,320 | 0 | 81,228 -375,320 | 81,228 38,000 | -9.2% |
| Total General Government | 2,910,895 | 2,940,894 | 4,181,627 | 4,189,342 | 3,070,661 | 4,894,848 | 713,221 | 17.1% |
| Police Department - Personnel Service | 7,891,774 | 8,376,738 | 8,729,467 | 8,729,467 | 8,846,600 | 8,887,426 | 157,959 | 1.8% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 963,615 | 1,015,551 | 1,145,420 | 1,197,497 | 1,179,717 | 1,197,800 | 52,380 | 4.6% |
| Fire Department - Personnel Services | 5,498,363 | 5,818,793 | 5,808,682 | 5,808,682 | 5,927,300 | 6,009,935 | 201,253 | 3,5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 402,073 | 404,553 | 461,560 | 461,560 | 476,600 | 505,860 | 44,300 | 9.6% |
| Public Fire Protection | 274,635 | 280,266 | 283,300 | 283,300 | 280,300 | 283,300 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Building Inspection - Personnel Service | 727,130 | 734,076 | 830,662 | 830,662 | 786,000 | 860,216 | 29,554 | 3.6% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 22,633 | 22,779 | 29,550 | 29,574 | 27,350 | 32,050 | 2,500 | 8.5% |
| Weights and Measures | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 7,600 | 0 | 0.0% |
| | | 16,660,356 | 17,295,241 | 17,348,342 | 17,531,467 | 17,784,187 | 487,946 | 2.8% |

| | | Summer | y - 2019 Adopte | u Duuget | | | ···· | *************************************** |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|
| | | | 2018 | 2018 | | | inc (Dec) | Change |
| | 2016 Actual | 2017 Actual | Adopted Budget | Amended Budget | 2018 Estimate | 2019 Adopted | Fr PY Adopted | to Pr Yr Adopted |
| - | | | | | | 612,306 | 78,339 | 14.7% |
| Engineering - Personnel Services | 553,393 | 519,893 | 533,967 28,700 | 533,967 28,700 | 515,250 23,850 | 30,860 | 2,160 | 7.5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 20,389 1,718,530 | 18,610 2,261,670 | 1,732,456 | 1,732,456 | 1,725,850 | 1,736,098 | 3,642 | 0.2% |
| Highway - Personnel Services Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 717,689 | 719,915 | 788,620 | 807,520 | 777,450 | 833,318 | 44,698 | 5.7% |
| Solid Waste Collection | 390,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Street Lighting | 341,766 | 327,411 | 344,800 | 344,800 | 301,700 | 349,500 | 4,700 | 1.4% |
| Weed Control | 3,379 | 4,973 | 9,050 | 9,050 | 8,000 | 9,050 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Total Public Works | 3,745,146 | 3,852,472 | 3,437,593 | 3,456,493 | 3,352,100 | 3,571,132 | 133,539 | 3.9% |
| Health Department - Personnel Service | 553,595 | 576,488 | 696,496 | 596,495 | 549,900 | 634,447 | 37,952 | 6,4% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 61,324 | 65,643 | 73,250 | 73,250 | 71,430 | 73,260 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Animal Control | 31,950 | 33,743 | 40,600 | 40,600 | 41,600 | 43,100 | 2,500 | 6.2% |
| Total Health & Human Services | 646,869 | 676,874 | 710,345 | 710,345 | 662,930 | 750,797 | 40,452 | 5.7% |
| Recreation | 42,314 | 44,277 | 45,000 | 46,000 | 44,500 | 46,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Parks - Personnel Services | 134,492 | 126,946 | 108,989 | 108,989 | 129,120 | 112,477 | 3,488 | 3.2% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 27,129 | 40,736 | 42,925 | 46,885 | 43,115 | 48,225 | 5,300 | 12.3% |
| Total Culture and Recreation | 203,935 | 211,959 | 197,914 | 201,874 | 216,735 | 206,702 | 8,788 | 4.4% |
| | 004.004 | 405 047 | 245 520 | 245 220 | 3.45.020 | 375,395 | 30,165 | 8.7% |
| Planning - Personnel Services | 324,304 54,187 | 335,317 56,525 | 345,230 60,550 | 345,230 80,550 | 345,930 75,400 | 74,450 | 13,900 | 23.0% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc Econ Dev - Personnel Services | 120,785 | 100,390 | 105,365 | 105,365 | 102,550 | 103,431 | (1,934) | -1.8% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 23,992 | 28,082 | 84,200 | 84,200 | 46,150 | 87,500 | 3,300 | 3.9% |
| Total Conservation/development | 523,268 | 520,314 | 595,345 | 615,345 | 570,030 | 640,776 | 45,431 | 7.6% |
| Transfers to other funds | 1,226,025 | 33,138 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 250,000 | 250,000 | 0.0% |
| Total expenditures | 25,043,961 | 24,895,007 | 26,419,065 | 26,521,741 | 25,403,923 | 28,098,442 | 1,679,377 | 6.4% |
| Net Change | (1,359,223) | (1,103,173) | (1,424,800) | (1,627,476) | (363,011) | (2,150,000) | -725,200 | 50.9% |
| Beginning General Fund balance | 9,046,808 | 7,687,585 | 6,584,412 | 6,584,412 | 6,584,412 | 6,221,401 | , . | |
| | | | • | | | | | |
| Ending General Fund balance | 7,687,585 | 6,584,412 | 5,159,612 | 5,056,936 | 6,221,401 | 4,071,401 | | |
| Fund Balance as a percent of total expenditures | 30.70% | | 19.53% | 19.07% | 24.49% | 14.49% | | |
| Canalal Davianua Eunda | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Library Fund - Tax Levy | 1,287,000 | 1,296,600 | 1,303,200 | 1,303,200 | 1,303,200 | 1,312,700 | 9,500 | 0.7% |
| Reciprocal Borrowing - Library | 93,361 | 88,601 | 75,000 | 75,000 | 75,000 | 68,000 | (7,000) | -9.3% |
| Misc Revenue - Library | 6,635 | 7,081 | 8,500 | 8,500 | 9,100 | 8,500 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Auxiliary Library | 90,758 | 68,218 | 68,500 | 68,500 | 58,800 | 70,000 | 1,500 | 2,2% |
| Tourism | | 211,793 | 96,800 | 96,800 | 206,100 | 226,000 | 129,200 | 133,5% |
| Solid Waste Collection - Fees | 1,199,836 | 1,210,567 | 1,211,000 | 1,211,000 | 1,227,450 | 1,220,400 | 9,400 | 0.8% 3.3% |
| Misc Revenue - Solid Waste | 410,370 | 427,620 | 426,300 | 426,300 38,050 | 420,000 33,750 | 440,300 37,700 | 14,000 (350) | -0.9% |
| St Martin's Fair | 38,605 71,179 | 36,735 51,616 | 38,050 22,200 | 22,200 | 28,050 | 21,000 | (1,200) | -5.4% |
| Donations Civic Celebrations | 143,003 | 153,693 | 111,000 | 111,000 | 117,400 | 119,000 | 8,000 | 7.2% |
| Grants | 148,167 | 233,309 | 124,850 | 123,250 | 26,400 | 233,450 | 108,600 | 87.0% |
| Total Revenues | 3,488,914 | 3,785,833 | 3,485,400 | 3,483,800 | 3,505,250 | 3,757,050 | 271,650 | 7.8% |
| Expenditures | 646 744 | pen 444 | 022 025 | pra ant | 913,350 | 955,268 | 21,973 | 2.4% |
| Library - Personnel Services | 942,566 479,920 | 863,441 449,912 | 933,295 453,405 | 933,295 478,405 | 454,400 | 426,848 | (26,557) | -5.9% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc Auxiliary Library | 479,920 83,491 | 61,727 | 68,500 | 68,500 | 66,300 | 69,920 | 1,420 | 2.1% |
| Tourism | - | | 154,000 | 154,000 | | 167,500 | 13,500 | 8.8% |
| Solid Waste - Personnel Services | 17,328 | 14,949 | 14,783 | 14,783 | 13,727 | 16,931 | 2,148 | 14.5% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 1,522,939 | 1,560,447 | 1,562,900 | 1,562,900 | 1,588,929 | 1,632,570 | 69,670 | 4.5% |
| St Martin's Fair | 44,364 | 52,717 | 52,785 | 52,785 | 49,775 | 50,756 | (2,029) | -3.8% |
| Donations | 27,525 | 78,812 | 140,516 | 157,516 | 37,000 | 88,400 | (52,116) | -37.1% |
| Civic Celebrations | 142,353 | 136,352 | 96,694 | 96,694 | 78,565 | 103,691 | 6,997 | 7.2% |
| Grants | 146,690 | 195,452 | 184,750 | 183,150 | 26,400 | 317,186 | 132,436 | 71.7% |
| Total Expenditures | 3,407,176 | 3,413,809 | 3,661,628 | 3,702,028 | 3,228,446 | 3,829,070 | | |
| Net Revenues (Expenditures) Fund Balance | 81,738 | 372,024 | (176,228) | (218,228) | 276,804 | (72,020) | 104,208 | -59.1% |
| Beginning of the Year | 1,113,629 | 1,195,367 | 1,567,391 | 1,567,391 | 1,567,391 | 1,844,195 | | |
| Deduuttiid of the torn | | ., | | | | 1,772,175 | | |

| | | Summar | y - 2019 Adopte | ed Budget | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| - | 2016 Actual | 2017 Actual | 2018 Adopted Budget | 2018 Amended Budget | 2018 Estimate | 2019 Adopted | inc (Dec) Fr PY Adopted | Change to Pr Yr Adopted |
| Sanitary Sewer Fund | Actual | Actual | Dudget | Dunger | Совинис | Adopted | Даория | лаория |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| Metered Sales Other Revenue | 3,292,166 78,008 | 3,282,353 93,778 | 3,663,990 44,500 | 3,412,360 35,500 | 3,644,000 57,000 | 3,739,400 51,000 | 75,410 6,500 | 2.1% 14.6% |
| Total Revenues | 3,370,174 | 3,376,131 | 3,708,490 | 3,447,860 | 3,701,000 | 3,790,400 | 81,910 | 2.2% |
| Personnel Services | 473,854 | 527,153 | 462,283 | 462,283 | 468,300 | 522,996 | 60,713 | 13.1% |
| Other Services, Supplies, Etc | 2,723,278 | 2,688,347 | 3,270,525 | 3,295,275 | 2,979,400 | 3,257,250 | (13,275) | -0.4% |
| Total Expenditures | 3,197,132 173,042 | 3,213,500 162,631 | 3,732,808 (24,318) | 3,757,558 (309,698) | 3,447,700 253,300 | 3,780,246 10,154 | 47,438 34,472 | 1,3% -141,8% |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | - | - | (14,010) | (002,020) | 200,000 | 10,104 | 04,41.2 | -1-7,157 |
| Net interest Income (Expense) Invested in Capital Assets | (96,259) (332,810) | 4,865 78,769 | (427,975) | (427,975) | (412,800) | 116,900 | 544,875 | -127.3% |
| Net Change in Retained Earnings | (256,027) | 246,265 | (452,293) | (737,673) | (159,500) | 127,054 | 579,347 | |
| Beginning Retained Earnings Ending Retained Earnings | 1,479,018 1,222,991 | 1,222,991 1,469,256 | 1,469,256 | 1,469,256 731,583 | 1,469,256 1,309,756 | 1,309,756 1,436,810 | | |
| Capital Expenditure Funds - Capital | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | Outlast, mquipi. | 101161 (0) | | , | | | | |
| Property Taxes-Capital Outlay | 437,100 | 444,300 | 450,500 | 450,500 | 450,500 | 452,800 | 2,300 | 0.5% |
| Property Taxes-Equip Replacemen | 342,600 | 348,300 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 175,000 | (175,000) (696,500) | -50.0% -97.5% |
| Property Taxes-Street Improvemen | 693,500 | 704,900 | 714,700 75,000 | 714,700 75,000 | 714,700 70,396 | 18,200 705,000 | (630,000) 630,000 | -97.5% 840.0% |
| Intergovernmental Revenue Landfill Siting Revenue | 97,300 400,000 | 7,849 481,000 | 480,000 | 480,000 | 480,000 | 826,700 | 346,700 | 72.2% |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 174,476 | 112,723 | 84,000 | 84,000 | 78,000 | 94,000 | 10,000 | 11.9% |
| Transfers in from Other Funds | 26,025 | 33,138 | • | 134,138 | 101,000 | 250,000 | 250,000 | #DIV/01 |
| Total Revenue | 2,171,001 | 2,132,210 | 2,154,200 | 2,288,338 | 2,244,596 | 2,521,700 | 367,500 | 17.1% |
| Capital Outlay-Equip Replacement | 581,235 | 655,454 | 295,754 | 299,754 | 329,169 915,431 | 1,198,670 | 900,916 398,731 | 304.6% 58.7% |
| Capital Outlay-Capital Outlay Capital Outlay-Street Improvement | 898,726 940,546 | 677,677 816,213 | 679,214 920,000 | 952,722 920,000 | 868,200 | 1,077,945 975,000 | 55,000 | 6.0% |
| Total Expenditures | 2,420,507 | 2,148,344 | 1,894,968 | 2,172,476 | 2,112,800 | 3,249,615 | 1,354,647 | 71.5% |
| Net Capital Revenues (Expenditures) | -249,506 | -16,134 | 259,232 | 115,862 | 131,796 | -727,915 | -987,147 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 3,216,761 | 2,967,255 | 2,951,121 | 2,951,121 | 2,951,121 | 3,082,917 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance DEBT SERVICE FUND | 2,967,255 | 2,951,121 | 3,210,353 | 3,066,983 | 3,082,917 | 2,355,002 | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | 1,500,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Miscellaneous Revenue Other Financing Source: | 2,495 | 858 | 0 | 0 | a | 0 | 0 | |
| Transfer from Other Funds | 170,931 | 113,997 | 153,816 | 153,816 | 333,000 | 203,940 | 50,124 | 32.6% |
| Transfer from Special Assessment | O | 373 | 141,896 | 141,896 | 60,000 | 36,248 | (105,648) | |
| Total Revenue | 1,673,426 | 1,415,228 | 1,595,712 | 1,595,712 | 1,693,000 | 1,540,188 | -55,524 | -3,5% |
| Proceeds from Borrowing | 5,924,202 | 51,071 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Debt Service * Refunded Debt | 7,514,380 | 1,499,737 | 1,646,783 | 1,646,783 | 1,646,783 0 | 1,540,188 | (106,595) | -6.5% |
| Interfund Loan Payments | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | C | |
| Beginning of the Year | 1,258 | 84,506 | 51,068 | 51,068 | 51,068 | 97,285 | | |
| End of the Year | 84,506 | 51,068 | (3) | (3) | 97,285 | 97,285 | | |
| CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND | | | | | | | | |
| Landfill Siting | 533,843 | 370,758 | 276,000 | 276,000 | 276,000 | 560,000 | 284,000 | 102.9% |
| Miscelianeous Other (Grants, Impact Fees, etc) | -7,945 1,629,808 | 22,427 98,669 | 2,105,000 1,702,928 | 2,105,000 1,702,928 | -81,000 887,571 | 1,020,000 1,534,511 | (1,085,000) (168,417) | -51.5% -9.9% |
| Total Revenues | 2,155,706 | 491,854 | 4,083,928 | 4,083,928 | 1,082,571 | 3,114,511 | -969,417 | |
| Expenditures Capital Outlay | 1,128,268 | 1,003,190 | 25,754,317 | 27,064,037 | 2,026,849 | 7,973,109 | (17,781,208) | -69.0% |
| Net Revenues (Expenditures) | 1,027,438 | -511,336 | -21,670,389 | -22,980,109 | -944,278 | -4,858,598 | 16,811,791 | |
| Debt Proceeds | 0 | 1,589,568 | 5,502,000 | 5,502,000 | 0 | 2,025,000 | (3,477,000) | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 1,689,836 | 2,717,274 | 3,795,496 | 3,795,496 | 3,795,496 | 2,851,218 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | - 2019 Adop | | | | | | | (C) | A |
|---|--------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------|-----------------|----|-----------------|------|---------------------------------------|----|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 201 | | 2017 | | 2018 Adopted | | 2018 Amended | | 2018 | | 2019 | inc (Dec) Fr PY | Change to Pr Yr |
| | Actu | | Actual | | Budget | • | Budget | | zu (a :timate | | Adopted | Adopted | Adopted |
| | , | | | | | | ····· | | | | - 1 | | |
| DEVELOPMENT FUND | r | 99 E07 | 281,41 | , | 644,095 | | 644,095 | | 1,236,000 | | 1,092,500 | 448,405 | 69,6% |
| Impact Fees Other Income | | B2,597 33,343 | 40,84 | | 44,567 | | 44,567 | | 60,000 | | 60,000 | 15,433 | 34.69 |
| | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | · | | 04.07 |
| Total Revenues | 57 | 15,940 | 322,26 | 1 | 688,662 | | 688,662 | | 1,296,000 | | 1,152,500 | 463,838 | |
| Transfer to Debt Service | 17 | 70,931 | 113,997 | 7 | 454,450 | | 454,450 | | 268,100 | | 454,450 | 0 | 0,09 |
| Transfer to Capital Improvement | | 12,224 | 661 | | 1,572,350 | | 1,572,350 | | 220,000 | | 384,511 | (1,187,839) | -75.5% |
| Other | 2 | 25,878 | 99,66 | | 1,010,000 | | 513,321 | | 10,000 | | 1,020,000 | 10,000 | 1.09 |
| Underexpenditure | | 0 | |) | 10,000 | | 13,321 | | 0 | | 0 | · | |
| Total Expenditures | 40 | 09,033 | 214,32 | 3 | 3,046,800 | | 2,553,442 | | 498,100 | | 1,858,961 | -1,177,839 | |
| Net Revenues (Expenditures) | 20 | 06,907 | 107,93 | 8 | -2,358,138 | | -1,864,780 | | 797,900 | | -706,461 | 1,641,677 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 3,85 | 51,653 | 4,058,560 |) | 4,166,498 | | 4,166,498 | | 4,166,498 | | 4,964,398 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | 4,05 | 58,560 | 4,166,498 | 3 | 1,808,360 | | 2,301,718 | | 4,964,398 | | 4,257,937 | | |
| UTILITY DEVELOPMENT FUND | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Revenues | \$ 13 | 3,982 | \$ 68,978 | \$ | 81,600 | \$ | 81,600 | \$ | 82,600 | \$ | 30,400 | (51,200) | -62.79 |
| Sewer Revenues | 12 | 36,985 | 74,559 | • | 100,000 | | 100,000 | | 152,000 | | 64,200 | (35,860) | -35,89 |
| Other Revenues | | 46,220 | 45,65° | | 34,000 | | 34,000 | | 51,500 | | 27,900 | (6,100) | -17.99 |
| Total Revenues | | 17,187 | 189,18 | | 215,600 | | 215,600 | | 286,100 | | 122,500 | (93,100) | -43,2% |
| Water Transfers Out | | 0 | 4 |) | 500,000 | | 500,000 | | 0 | | 500,000 | 0 | 0.09 |
| Sewer Transfers Out | | ō | |) | 500,000 | | 500,000 | | ō | | 500,000 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other Expenditures | | 0 | |) | . 0 | _ | . 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 0 | (|) | 1,000,000 | | 1,000,000 | | 0 | | 1,000,000 | 0 | 0.09 |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | 31 | 17,187 | 189,18 | В | -784,400 | | -784,400 | | 286,100 | | -877,500 | (93,100) | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 90 | 07,004 | 1,224,191 | ſ | 1,413,379 | | 1,325,332 | | 1,325,332 | | 1,611,432 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | | 4,191 | \$ 1,413,379 | | 628,979 | \$ | 540,932 | | ,611,432 | \$ | 733,932 | | |
| - | | | 12:17:12: | | | • | | | | | | | |
| TID #3 Revenues | | | | | | | | | , | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 1,73 | 0,642 | \$ 1,253,575 | \$ | 1,384,100 | \$ | 1,384,100 | \$ 1 | ,381,200 | \$ | 1,180,900 | (203,200) | -14.7 |
| | | 55,862 | 458,190 | | 584,400 | ۳ | 584,400 | • | 464,931 | • | 479,831 | (104,569) | -17.89 |
| intergovernmental Revenue | | - | • | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | 20,250 | | 25,000 | 20,000 | 400.09 |
| Investment & Other | | 26,280 | 23,049 | | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | • | |
| Total Revenue | 2,21 | 12,784 | 1,734,820 | 3 | 1,973,500 | | 1,973,500 | | 1,866,381 | | 1,685,731 | (287,769) | -14.6 |
| Expenditures | 4.00 | | 4 404 07 | , | 2,650 | | 1,381,463 | | 30,650 | | 110,175 | 107,525 | |
| Capital Outlay | | 35,841 | 1,401,976 | | 5,010,220 | | 5,010,220 | | 948,783 | | 4,592,440 | (417,780) | -8,3 |
| Other | ٦ | 10,520 | 10,220 1,675,000 | | 985,000 | | 985,000 | | 985,000 | | 4,002,440 | (985,000) | -0,0 |
| Principal Interest | | 62,789 | 74,15 | | 97,209 | | 97,209 | | 15,199 | | 61,500 | (35,709) | -36.7 |
| Total Expenditures | | 9,150 | 3,161,341 | | 6,095,079 | | 7,473,892 | | 1,979,632 | | 4,764,115 | (1,330,864) | -21.8 |
| Net Revenues | • | 3,634 | {1,426,528 | | (4,121,579) | | (5,500,392) | | (113,251) | | (3,078,384) | 1,043,195 | |
| oan Proceeds | 1,10 | a,ua+ - | 11,420,020 | • | 5,013,000 | | 5,013,000 | | (,=0., | | 3,450,000 | (1,563,000) | |
| | 90. | | | | (85,123) | | (85,123) | | (85,123) | | (198,374) | (1)===(===) | |
| Beginning Fund Balance Ending Fund Balance | | 6,460 7,805 | 1,341,405 \$ (85,123 | | 806,298 | \$ | (572,515) | \$ | (198,374) | \$ | 173,242 | | |
| nterfund Advances Due | 54 | 50,000 | | | 50,000 | | 50,000 | | 0 | | 0 | | |
| | • | , | | | , | | , | | _ | | _ | | |
| ND #4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | 4 454 600 | | 4 454 000 | | 400.000 | | 4 450 400 | 4 000 | 0.4 |
| Taxes | | 0,915 | \$ 1,162,065 | | 1,151,600 | ş | 1,151,600 | \$ 1 | ,192,200 | | 1,156,400 | 4,800 5,000 | 34,0 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | | 18,043 | 15,960 | | 14,700 | | 14,700 | | 14,700 20,000 | | 19,700 20,000 | (9,995,000) | -99.8 |
| Investment & Other | | -5,035 | 18,28 | | 10,015,000 | | 10,015,000 | | 1,226,900 | | 1,196,100 | (9,985,200) | -89,3 |
| Total Revenue | 1,33 | 93,923 | 1,100,000 | • | (1)1013000 | | 1111111111111 | | .,220,000 | | 1,100,100 | (01000,000) | 0.00 |
| Expenditures | | | | _ | | | | | 4 050 000 | | 0.000.000 | (4 000 000) | |
| Capital Outlay | | 0 | | 0 | 12,000,000 | | 12,000,000 | | 1,250,000 | | 8,000,000 | (4,000,000) | D0 0 |
| Other | 1 | 12,505 | 32,59 | | 1,220,500 | | 1,271,693 | | 102,350 | | 114,850 | (1,105,650) | -90.6 |
| Interest | | 920 | |) | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 113,750 | 113,750 | |
| otal Expenditures | • | 13,425 | 32,59 | 1 | 13,220,500 | | 13,271,693 | | 1,352,350 | | 8,228,600 | (4,991,900) | -37.8 |
| Vet Revenues | 1,38 | 80,498 | 1,163,71 | 7 | -2,039,200 | | -2,090,393 | | -125,450 | | -7,032,500 | (4,993,300) | |
| Loan Proceeds | | | (| 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 | |
| • | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | (13 | 8,216) | 1,242,282 | | 2,405,999 | | 2,405,999 | 2 | 2,405,999 | | 2,280,649 | | |

| | _ | 2016 Actual | | 2017 Actual | | 2018 Adopted Budget | 2018 Amended Budget | 2018 Estimate | 2019 Adopted | inc (Dec) Fr PY Adopted | Change to Pr Yr Adopted |
|---|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| TID #5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | 44 | | *** *** | **** *** | #10 F00 | £24 E00 | 4 400 | |
| Taxes | | \$0 0 | | \$0 0 | | \$30,100 300 | \$30,100 300 | \$30,500 0 | \$31,500 400 | 1,400 100 | |
| Intergovernmental Revenue Investment & Other | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 138,724 | 25,000 | 25,000 | |
| Total Revenue | | 0 | | 0 | | 30,400 | 30,400 | 169,224 | 56,900 | 26,500 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Outlay | | 17,351 | | 0 | | 17,513,382 | 17,513,382 | 14,875,000 | 0 | (17,513,382) | |
| Other | | 34,495 | | 47,028 | | 72,400 | 101,141 | 4,075,980 | 4,030,700 | 3,958,300 | |
| Principal | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 | |
| Interest | | 0 | | 0 | | 254,813 | 254,813 | 227,520 | 775,810 | 520,987 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 51,846 | | 47,028 | | 17,840,595 | 17,869,336 | 19,178,500 | 14,806,510 | (3,034,085) | |
| Net Revenues | | -51,846 | | -47,028 | | -17,810,195 | -17,838,936 | -19,009,276 | -14,749,610 | 3,060,585 | |
| Loan Proceeds | | 0 | | 0 | | 18,321,000 | 18,321,000 | 23,304,968 | 9,900,000 | (8,421,000) | |
| Transfers in | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers Out | | | | | | | | | | • | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | | | (51,846) | | (98,874) | (98,874) | (98,874) | 4,196,818 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | (51,848) | \$ | (98,874) | \$ | 411,931 | \$ 383,190 | \$ 4,196,818 | \$ (652,792) | | |
| INTERNAL SERVICE FUND (75) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Self insurance | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Medical Premium | \$ | 2,888,640 | \$ | 2,868,849 | \$ | 3,014,400 | \$ 3,014,400 | \$ 3,014,000 | \$ 3,479,725 | 465,325 | 15.49 |
| Dental Premiums | • | 166,818 | • | 166,233 | • | 181,300 | 181,300 | 171,500 | 172,675 | (8,625) | -4.89 |
| Investment Income | | 31,196 | | 29,588 | | 18,300 | 18,300 | 192,000 | 30,000 | 11,700 | 63.99 |
| Total Revenue | | 3,086,654 | | 3,064,670 | | 3,214,000 | 3,214,000 | 3,377,500 | 3,682,400 | 468,400 | 14.69 |
| Medical Claims | | 2,348,503 | | 2,476,422 | | 2,376,800 | 2,376,800 | 2,489,000 | 2,833,650 | 456,850 | 19.29 |
| Prescriptioin Drug Claims | | 310,647 | | 299,409 | | 0 | a | 335,000 | 0 | 0 | #DIV/00 |
| Stop Loss Premiums | | 648,325 | | 677,598 | | 664,000 | 664,000 | 577,500 | 667,300 | 3,300 | 0.59 |
| All other costs | | 305,513 | | 273,126 | | 251,500 | 251,500 | 236,000 | 323,350 | 71,850 | 28.69 |
| Dental Claims | | 189,473 | | 197,994 | | 183,500 | 183,500 | 215,225 | 192,675 | 9,175 | 5.09 |
| Restricted Contingency | | 0 | | . 0 | | 528,000 | 528,000 | 0 | 0 | (528,000) | -100.09 |
| Total Expenditures | | 3,802,461 | | 3,924,549 | | 4,003,800 | 4,003,800 | 3,852,725 | 4,016,975 | 13,175 | 0.39 |
| Net Revenue (Expenditures) | | -715,807 | | -859,879 | | -789,800 | -789,800 | -475,225 | -334,575 | 465,225 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 3,461,882 | | 2,746,075 | | 1,886,196 | 1,886,196 | 1,886,196 | 1,410,971 | | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | 2,746,075 | \$ | 1,886,196 | \$ | 1,096,396 | \$ 1,096,396 | \$ 1,410,971 | \$ 1,076,396 | | |